The United Republic of Tanzania National Strategy for the Management of **Sealed Disused Radiation** Sources

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Background Information

- The Use of Radioactive Materials in Africa
- No Control over the last 4 decades
- Problem of disused sources evident in early 80's
- Participation in AFRA Projects

IAEA assistance in establishing Regulations and Conditioning of Ra-226 sources Legislations and Regulations for Control of Radioactive Materials

- The Protection from Radiation Act No 5 of 1983
- The Radioactive Waste Management Regulations, 1999
- The Atomic Energy Act No. 7 of 2003
- The Protection from Ionizing Regulations, 2004

Regulatory Framework

The Tanzania Atomic Energy Commission (TAEC) 2003

- The Official Body responsible for atomic/nuclear energy matters
- Took over former functions of the 1983 Act with added responsibilities

Management of Disused Sources

Observed increase of disused sources in 1990's

• Need to establish Temporary Storage Facility became evident

Conditioned Ra-226 Sources



The Temporary Storage Facility used 1999-2005



Temporary Storage Facility

- Radium needles used for brachytherapy conditioned
- Sources seized in Illicit Trafficking incidents
- Abandoned/Stolen sources

The Central Storage Facility



The Central Storage Facility (CRWMF) 2005



The Central Storage Facility (CRWMF)

- Established in 2005
- Appr. 380 sq. m.
- Specially designed for storage and conditioning
- Security Guards on site 24 hrs
- Electronic Security Alarms installed
- Phone and Radio communication installed enhance response

Sources Currently stored

- Sources in the temporary storage facility moved to this facility
- Disused sources from hospitals, industries collected
- Abandoned, stolen and sources seized during illicit trafficking

Examples; Abandoned / orphan sources

- 31 Radium needles (used in 1960's) recovered in 1999
- A Caesium-137 industrial radiographic source recovered in a swamp (1996)
- Three Cs-137 sources (density gauges) recovered from sacramental 2002
- Stolen source (no.2) recovered in 2002



Strong Disused Sources



Conditioning SHARS-Sept 2009



SHARS Conditioning 2009



WM2008 Conference, February 24 - 28, 2008, Phoenix, AZ



The LTSS Container



Future Plans

- Condition the sources in the central storage facility and Consider using the Bore Hole
- Conduct search and secure of orphan sources country wide
- Strengthen capability to combat illicit trafficking of radioactive materials

Future Plans-Cont.

- Upgrade regulations on waste management
- Collect disused sources from the public domain
- Build capacity in Radioactive waste Management (AFRA, IAEA Projects)

CONCLUSION

- A Sound Radioactive Waste Management infrastructure established
- IAEA-AFRA Projects played major role in establishing both legislative and Regulatory Infrastructure
- Bilateral Assistance through the IAEA Nuclear Security Fund has been very useful

CONCLUSION

 Bilateral assistance from the US DOE has been very instrumental

 Cooperation with the IAEA has been very rewarding in capacity building in Managing SDRS

THE END

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION