

ASSUMPTIONS

- Only the reactor building will be decommissioned
- No fission products from SF fracture
- Simple technology
- Wastes go to interim storage
- Other materials considered noradioactive wastes go to the landfill

INTERDEPENDENCES

- Legal aspects (national and international)
- Radiation protection and environmental monitoring
- Industrial safety
- Personnel training
- Procedures
- Time frame for each activity
- Record

DECOMMISSIONING ACTIVITIES

- Six basic activities were identified:
 - Characterization
 - Decontamination
 - Dismantling
 - Transportation
 - Treatment and conditioning of the waste
 - Storage

CHARACTERIZATION

- Surface detectors (α , β , γ)
- σ Analyzers for α, β, γ (spectrometer)
- Smear tests
- Measuring devices for different

DECONTAMINATION

- Possible contaminated surfaces
 - Concrete
 - Al liner of the reactor pool
 - Coolant Al piping
 - Pb bricks
 - Reinforcing bars (concrete)
 - Hold up tank (carbon steel)
 - Equipment (pumps, heat exchanger, demineralizer tank)

DECONTAMINATION: TECHNOLOGY

- Concrete
 - scabbing
 - shaving
 - grinding
- Metal
 - closed system mechanical
 - open system chemical

DECONTAMINATION: TECHNOLOGY

- Tools
 - Scabbing chisel
 - Shaving shaving machine
 - Grinding grinder
 - Mechanical hi-pressure washer
 - Chemical chemical solutions

DISMANTLING

If necessary, then

- Hire a local contractor to the dismantling under the supervision of PNRI reactor staff.
- The Operator shall be responsible for the technical specifications and procedures.

DISMANTLING (cont.)

- Coordinate with the radiation protection and waste management department on the dismantling activities.
- During dismantling, determine what waste packages are acceptable and the maximum activity as per package.
- Protect the package from external contamination.

TRANSPORTATION

- Contaminated materials/equipment shall be transported in carrying containers using a forklift or a truck with a lifting capacity.
- Removal of contaminated materials/equipment from the reactor building to a waste storage facility shall be coordinated with the radiation protection unit.

TRANSPORTATION

- Necessary packaging arrangements shall be supervised by the radioactive waste department.
- Internal regulations for the transport of contaminated materials/equipment shall be followed.
- Segregation and labeling of waste packages shall be done.
- Define the transportation route to the waste storage.

TRANSPORTATION - TOOLS

- **forklift**
- weighing scale
- survey meters
- protective devices, such as pen dosimeter, gloves, mask, coveralls

WASTE TREATMENT

- Determine possible reuse or recycling
- Segregate the packages in accordance with the treatment options.
- **▼** Determine if waste is within acceptable criteria.

WASTE TREATMENT Liquid waste precipitation filtration cementation Ion exchange resin / sludges Cementation

WASTE TREATMENT Solid waste Immobilization Soil Conditioning ??? Clothes/papers compaction

WASTE TREATMENT - TOOLS

- tanks
- chemicals
- filter
- resin
- mixer
- compactor

STORAGE

- For each waste package, define position in the storage facility map
- Record the dose rate of the storage facility-inside/outside
- Environmental monitoring of air particulates
- Security surveillance of the waste storage facility- camera

NEEDS

- Quality Assurance Program
 - Definition of the responsibilities
 - Selection / Elaboration of legislation and regulations
 - Procedures
 - Documentation and records
 - Safety and security requirements
 - Data base

NEEDS

- **Quality Assurance Program (Cont.)**
 - Contractors (control,)
 - Training program
 - Calibration and sampling program
 - Record procedure
 - Audits and evaluation of nonconformance program

NEEDS

- Packages qualify for transportation and storage, considering material, radionuclides and activity.
- Development and implementation of treatment techniques for the wastes that can be arise from the decommissioning.

NEEDS

- Implementation of tests to determine the waste product characteristics important for the storage.
- regarding to the security, safety, environmental protection, monitoring program.

NEEDS

- Development of the Waste Acceptance Criteria for the storage.
- Development of the documents to control the material generated during decommissioning activities.
- Survey of available techniques for decontamination and dismantling in the country and contractors to do it.

SCHEDULE

ACTIVITIES	1	2	3	4	5	6
Planning	XXXX					
Characterization		XX				
Decontamination		XXX		X		
Dismantling		X	XXX			
Transportation		XX	XXXX			
Waste Treatment			XXXX	xxxx		
Storage				XXXX	XXXX	XX
Final survey						XX
Quality Assurance						
Record						
Control						