

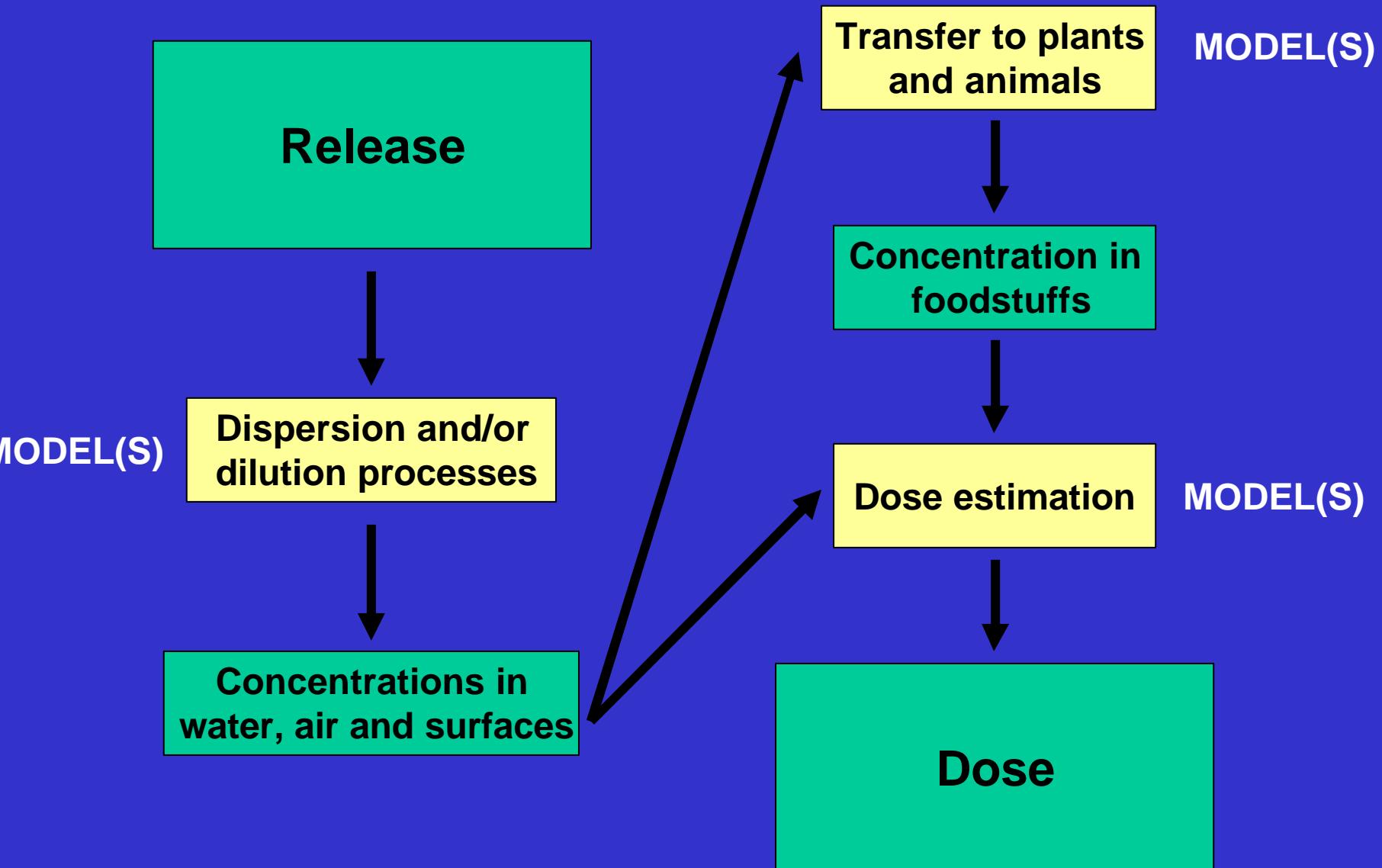
CROM

An Introduction

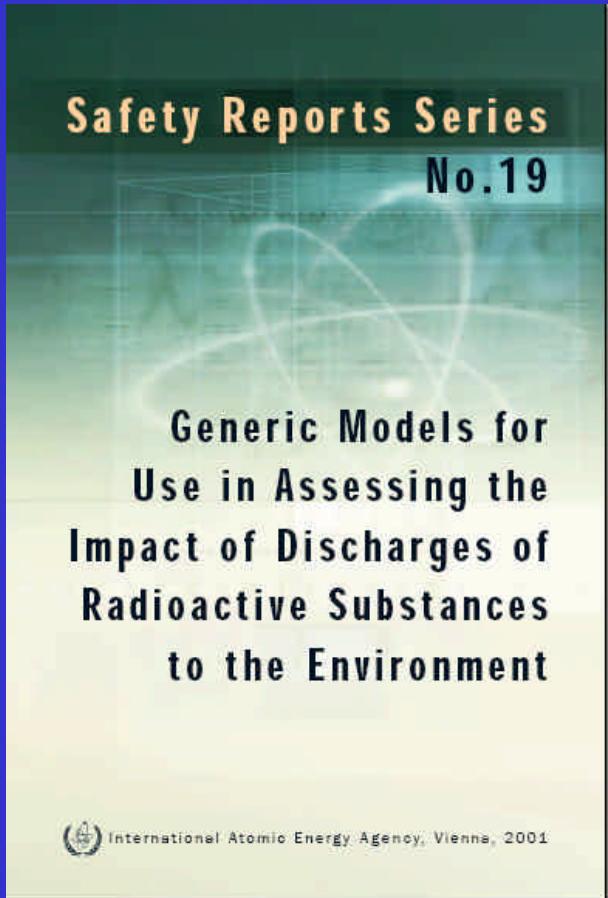
Juan Carlos Mora

Radiation Protection for the Public and the Environment
CIEMAT

Environmental impact assessment



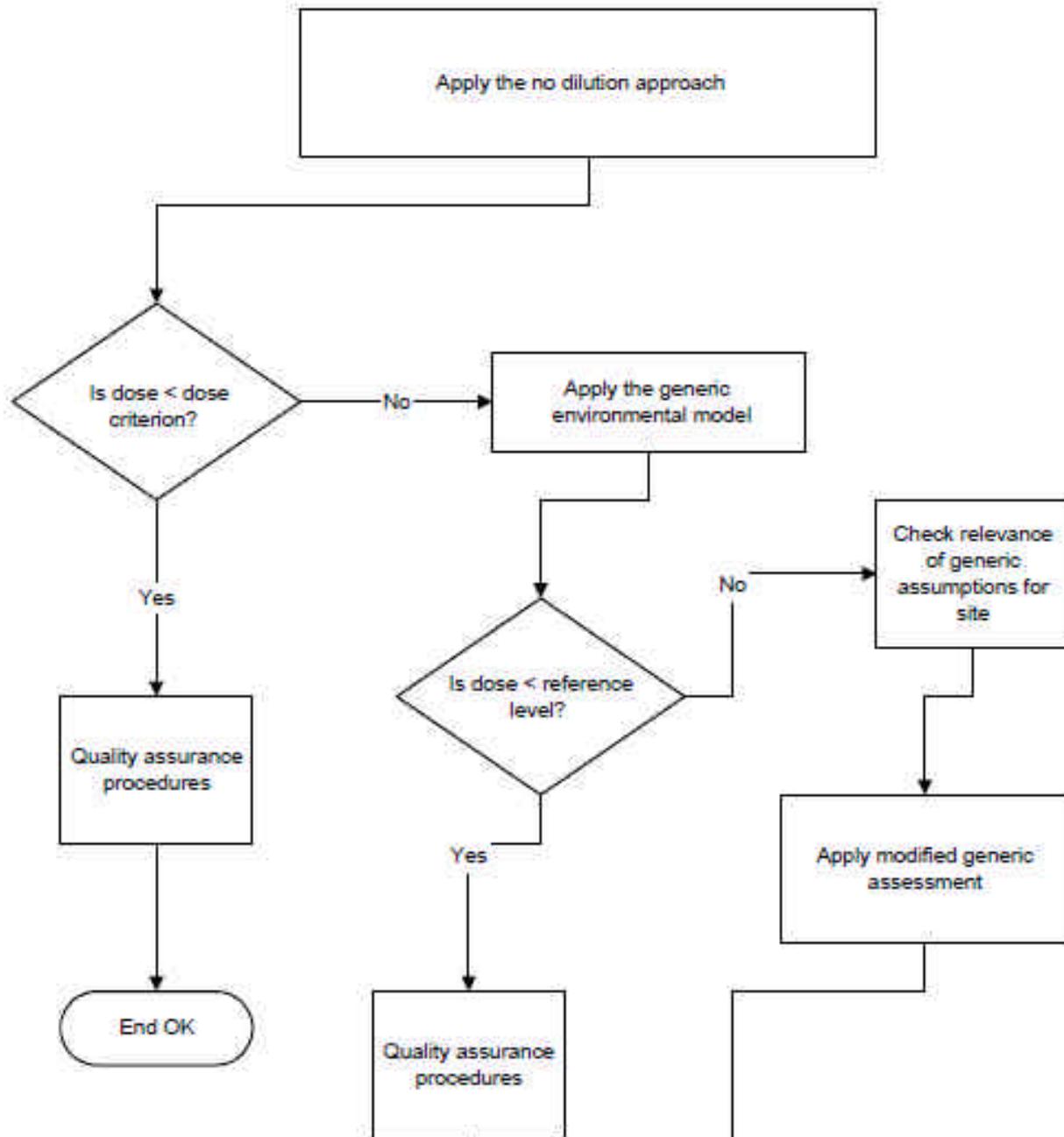
Safety Report Series No 19



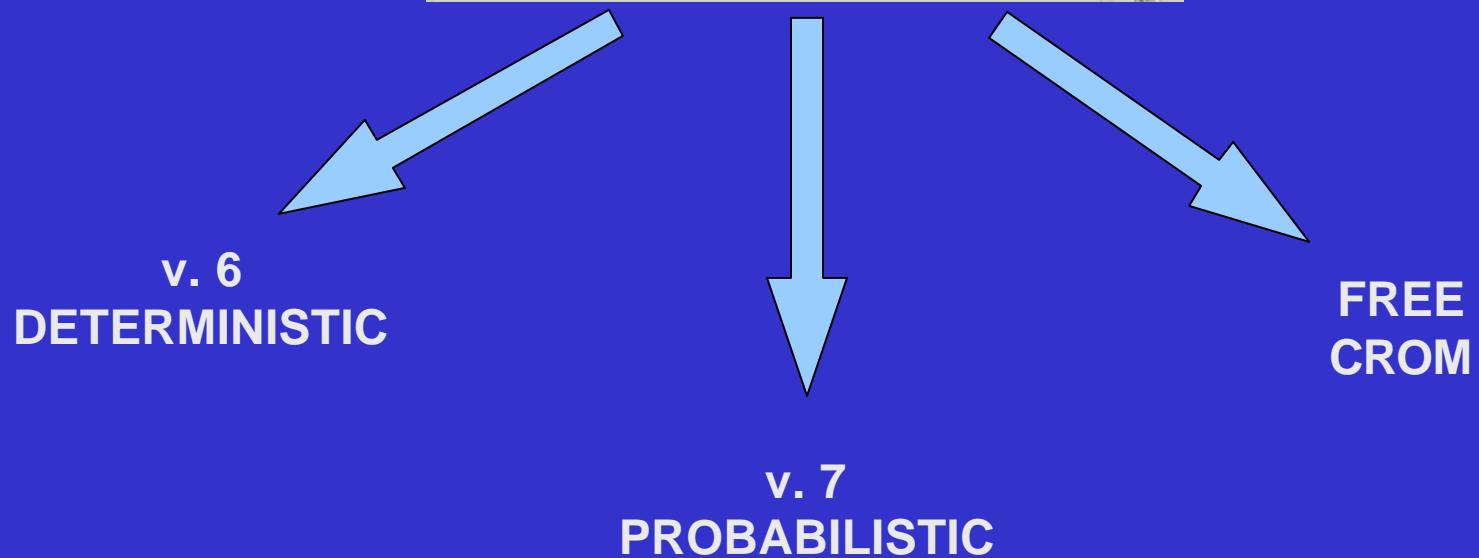
Generic methods for
use in assessing the
impact of discharges

Screening approach - Iterative approach

- Step by step process - model complexity increases as predicted doses increase
 - 1st step = ‘no dilution model’
 - 2nd step = ‘generic environmental model’
 - 3rd step = ‘modified generic assessment’
 - 4th step = ‘site specific assessment’



CROM



CROM

DEVELOPMENT

- Deterministic CROM is being maintained, focusing mainly on the English version
- Probabilistic CROM under development (launch in 2011?)
- Free CROM → community developed

CROM

DEVELOPED BY

**Center for Research of Energy, Environment and
Technology (CIEMAT):
UPRPYMA**

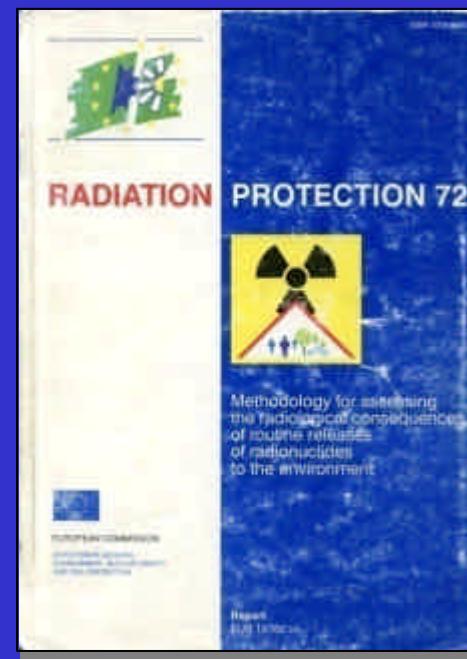
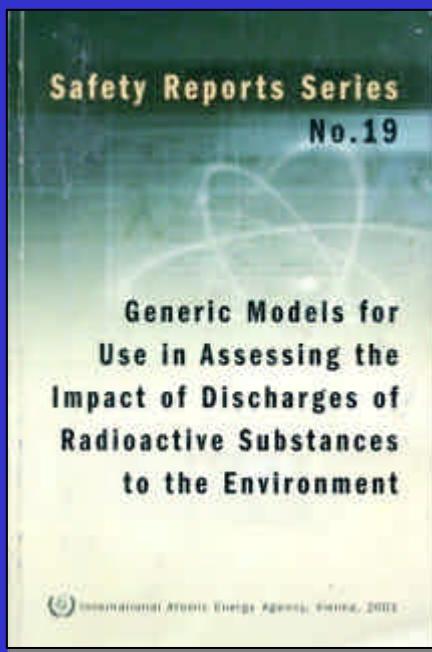
**Polytechnic University of Madrid:
LAB. INFORMATICS ETSII**

CROM

Models based in IAEA SRS-19 with "improvements" based in RP-72 (EUR-15760).

2001 IAEA - SRS 19 - "Generic Models for Use in Assessing the Impact of Discharges of Radioactive Substances to the Environment".

1995 UE - RP 72 - "Methodology for assessing the radiological consequences of routine releases of radionuclides to the environment".



CROM 6

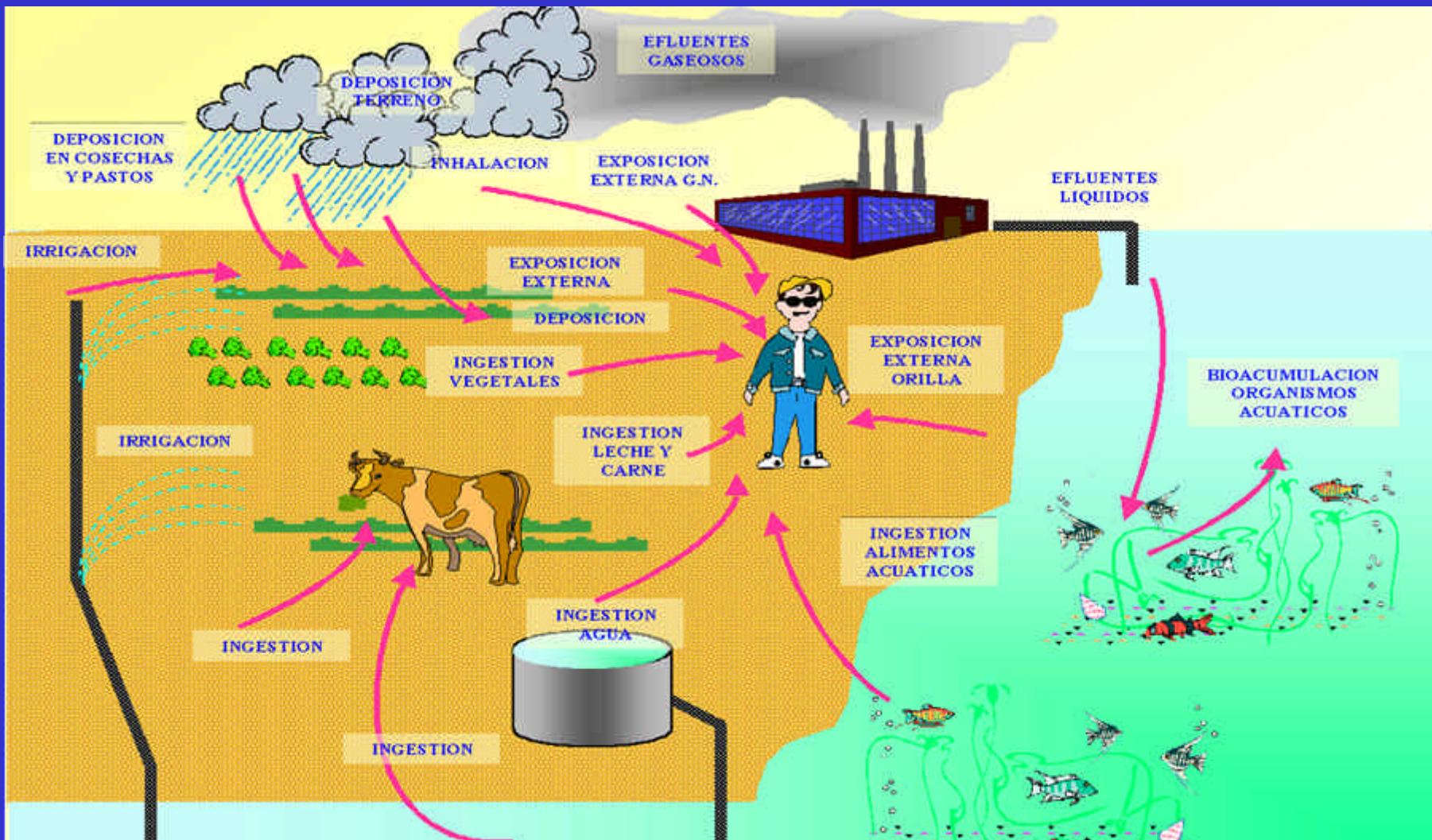
QUALITY CONTROL

The software was quality controlled by CIEMAT and RPD-HPA, formerly NRPB, (document RPD-EA-11-2005) for its adoption by the IAEA as the reference code for those models.

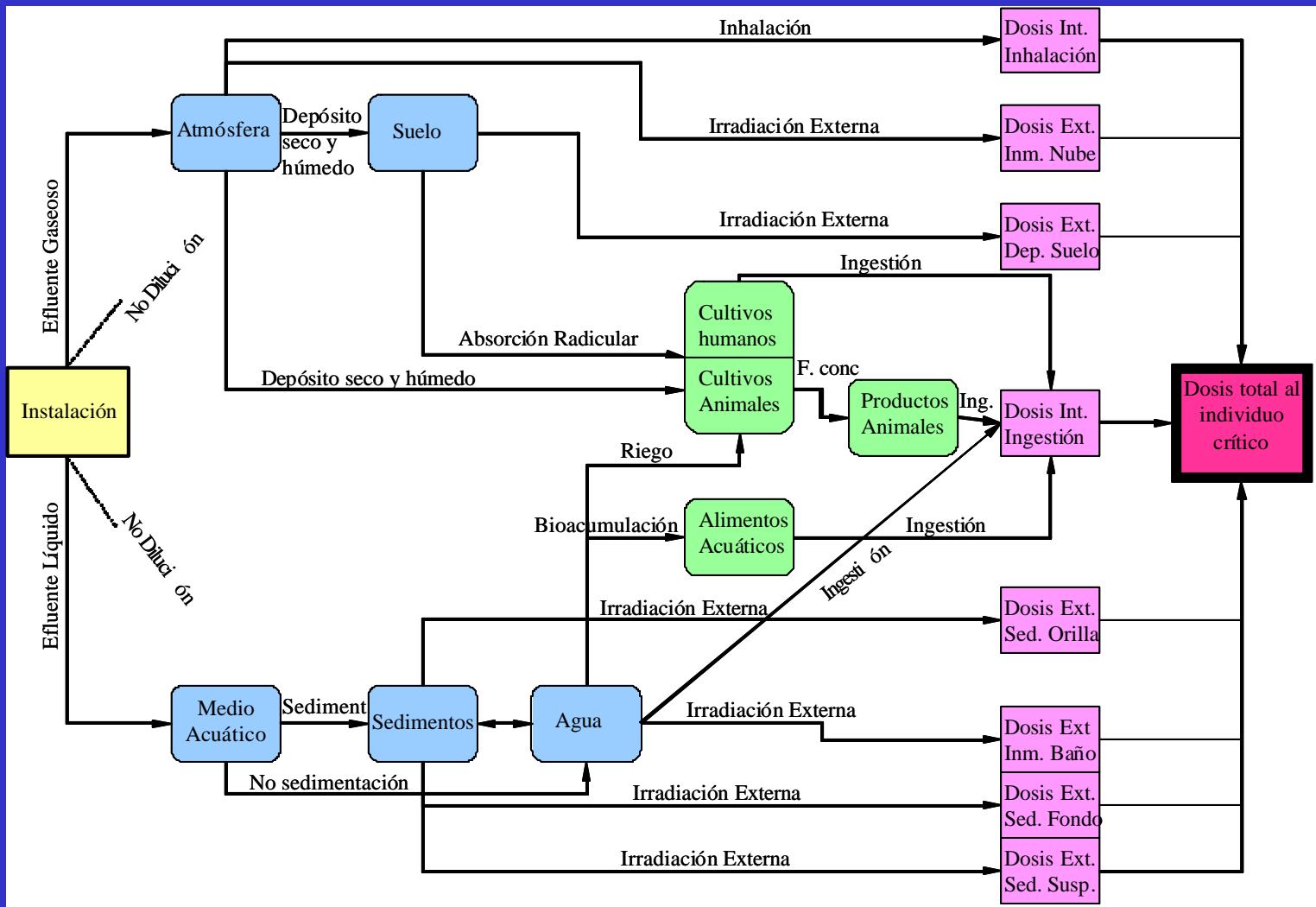
Other people acting as testers of CROM in different situations (EMRAS II)

TRANSFERRED TO THE IAEA IN 2008 FOR ITS FREE DISTRIBUTION

Conceptual model



Conceptual model



Models implemented

- ❖ Atmosphere discharges
 - ❖ Building affected models
 - ❖ Roughness affected wind profiles
- ❖ Aquatic discharges
 - ❖ River / Sewers
 - ❖ Small lakes
 - ❖ Sea / Great lakes
 - ❖ Estuaries
- ❖ Sedimentation
- ❖ Transfer to biota
- ❖ H3 & C14

Features of CROM code:

- ⊕ Continuous (routine/controlled) releases
- ⊕ Default Pasquill stability category D
- ⊕ Groundwater not considered
- ⊕ Effective height not calculated
- ⊕ Irrigation considered
- ⊕ Sedimentation in surface waters
- ⊕ Bath considered
- ⊕ Crustacean considered
- ⊕ A lot of not default values can be used

Features of CROM code:

- Effective dose and concentration calc.
- 8 SRS 19 examples in the default DB
- Growth of daughter considered (transport and deposition)
- Today 151 radioisotopes in the default DB
- New radionuclides easily implementable
- External DCFs based in FGR 12
- Internal DCFs from IAEA's BSS

CROM

Problems that can be solved



CROM

Problems that can be solved



CROM

Problems that can be solved



Problems that can be solved



CROM

Problems that can be solved



EXTERNAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

- IMMERSION IN THE GASEOUS PLUME
- DEPOSITION IN THE SOIL
- SUBMERSION IN WATER DURING THE BATH
- SHORE SEDIMENTS

INTERNAL EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

- INGESTION OF CONTAMINATED WATER
- INGESTION OF VEGETABLES CONTAMINATED BY ATMOSPHERE DEPOSIT OR IRRIGATION
- INGESTION OF ANIMAL MEAT CONTAMINATED BY CONTAMINATED WATER OR VEGETABLES
- INGESTION OF FRESHWATER FISHES AND CRUSTACEAN
- INGESTION OF MARINE FISHES AND CRUSTACEAN
- INHALATION

- EXTERNAL:
 - Based in Federal Guidance Report No 12
Considers the growth of the daughters using Bateman equations
- INTERNAL:
 - Based in BSS (IAEA No 115). Committed effective dose up to 70 y.
 - 6 age groups as defined in BSS.
 - Different absorption cathegories (F,M,S) considered.

Results

- SCREEN
- WORD BASED REPORT
- EXCEL BASED DATA

What CROM can do

The models implemented in Crom were designed for assessing doses due to releases from nuclear or radioactive installations provided that:

- **~ 30 YEARS EMISSIONS.**
- **CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS** (In any single day is not emitted more than 1% of the annual release)
- **NEUTRAL ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS** (Pasquill D diffusion category)

CROM

What CROM can do (with help)

Using some additional calculations Crom can be used for:

ANY NUMBER OF YEARS EMISSIONS.

ANY ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS (Any Pasquill diffusion category)

Effective height considerations

Resuspension of deposited material

Other radioisotopes can be used calculating the DCFs and introducing them into the DB.

H3 & C14

Sewers

What CROM can't do

The models implemented in Crom are not valid for assessing doses in:

- **SHORT TIME EMISSIONS (accidents)**
- **VERY LONG TIME EMISSIONS (HLW repository)**
- **GROUNDWATER DISPERSION**

CROM - Installation

Índice de ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/ - Mozilla Firefox

Archivo Editar Ver Historial Marcadores Herramientas Ayuda

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home <ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/>

Noticias SEPR - Presentaciones de la Jornada sobre la Protección <ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/>

Índice de ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/

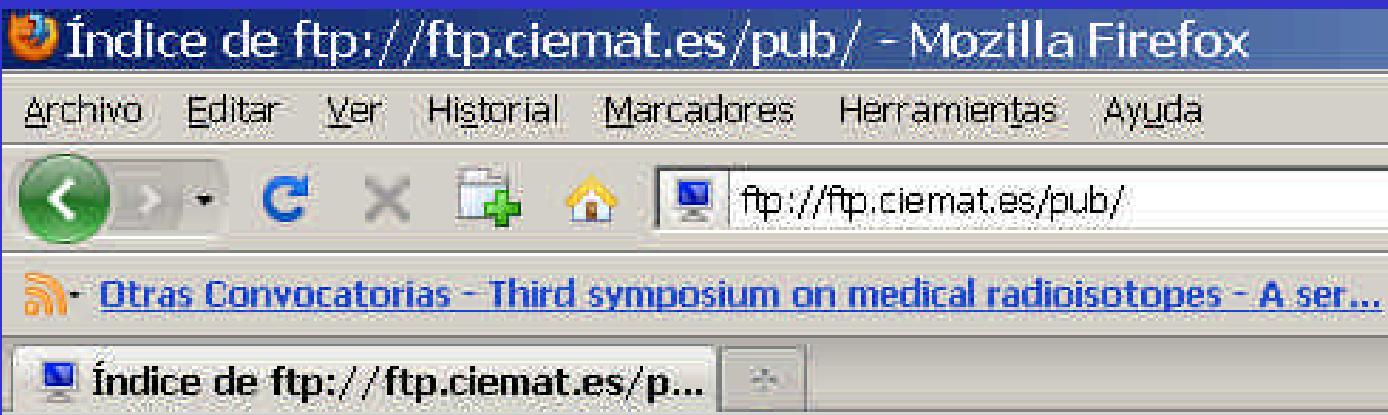
Índice de ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/

 Subir al directorio superior.

Nombre

 pub

CROM - Installation



Índice de ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/pub/

[Subir al directorio superior.](#)

Nombre

CETA-CIEMAT

CROM

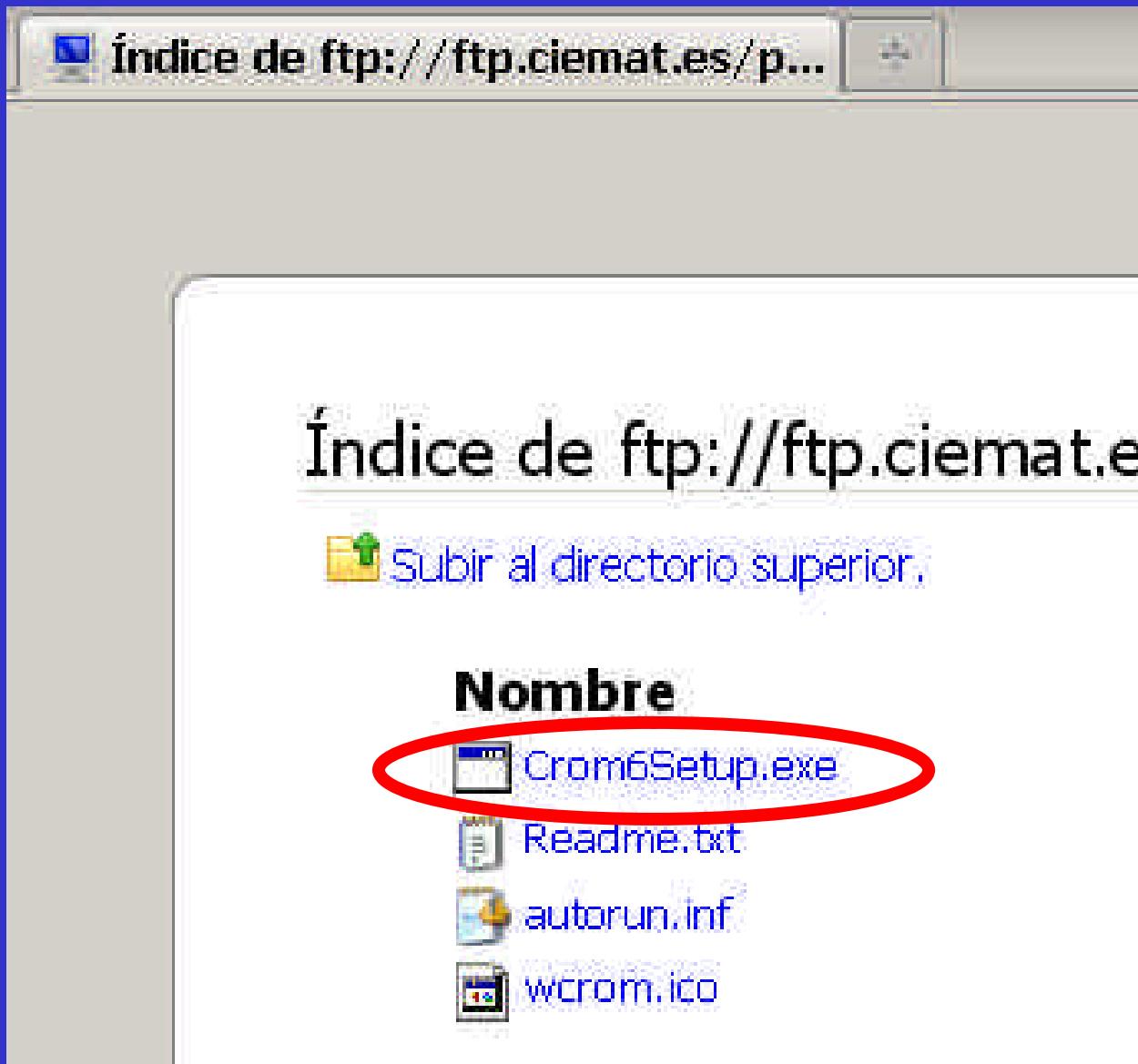
Comunicación

CROM - Installation

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window with the following details:

- Title Bar:** Índice de ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/pub/CROM/ - Mozilla Firefox
- Menu Bar:** Archivo, Editar, Ver, Historial, Marcadores, Herramientas, Ayuda
- Toolbar:** Back, Forward, Stop, Refresh, Home, Address Bar (containing "ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/pub/CROM/").
- Links:** Noticias SEPR - Acta Asamblea General de 19 de enero 2010.
- Address Bar:** Índice de ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/p...
- Content Area:** A file listing titled "Índice de ftp://ftp.ciemat.es/pub/CROM/". It includes a "Subir al directorio superior" link and a list of files:
 - Nombre** (Header circled in red)
 - CROM 6_0_1** (File icon, circled in red)
 - parche_SF_v6_0**
 - patch_EN_v6_0**

CROM - Installation



CROM - Installation

Crom language



Please select a language.

English

Ok

Cancel



CROM - Installation



Choose Install Location

Choose the folder where 6.0.1 will be installed



To install CROM 6.0.1 in a different folder click Browse button and select the correct one.
Click Next button to continue.

Destination Folder

C:\CROM6_EN

[Browse...](#)

Space required: 22.0MB

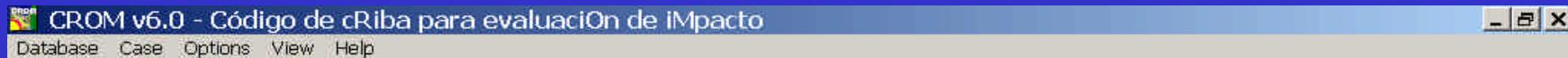
Space available: 182.9GB

Nullsoft Install System v2.46

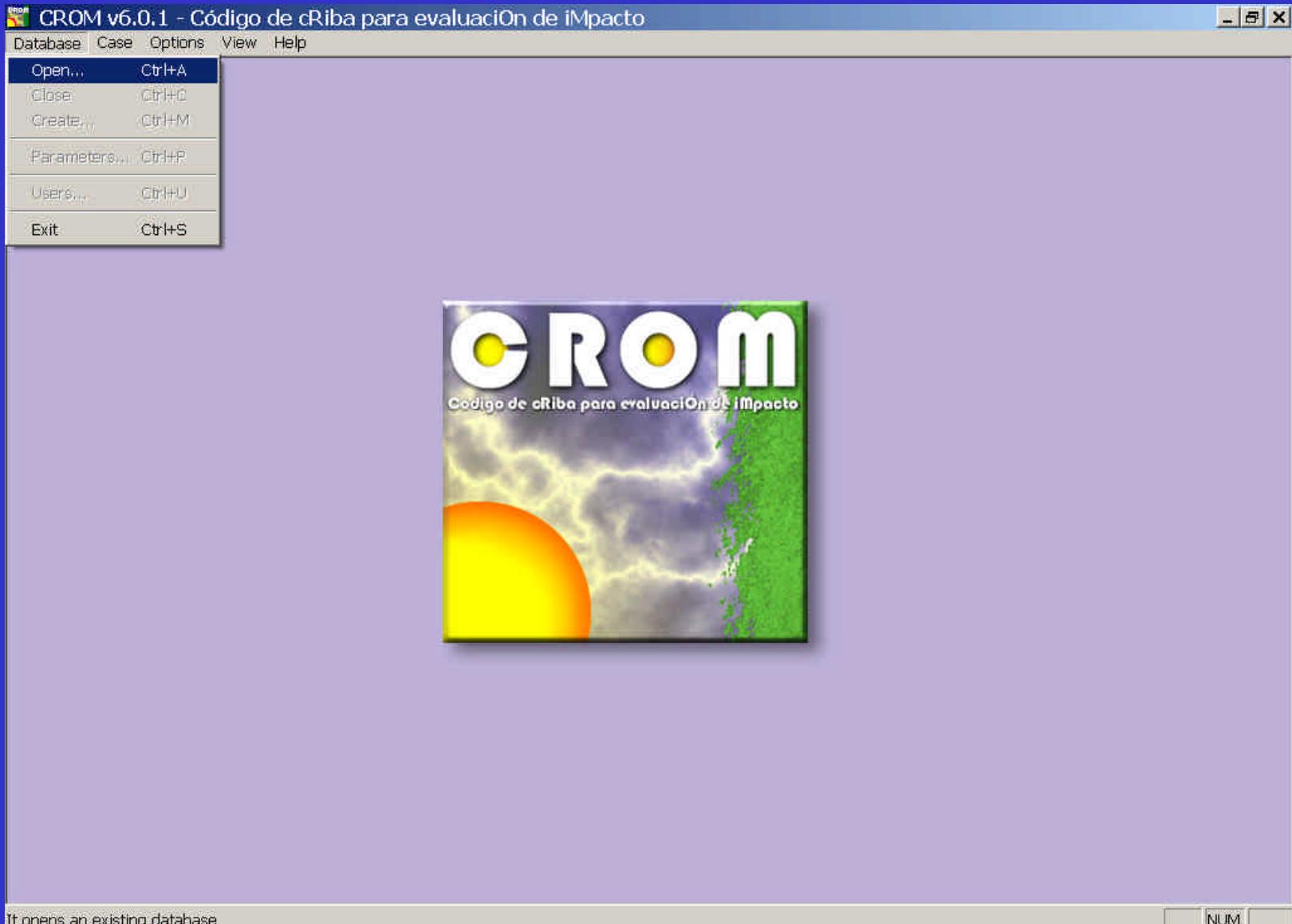
[Next >](#)

[Cancel](#)

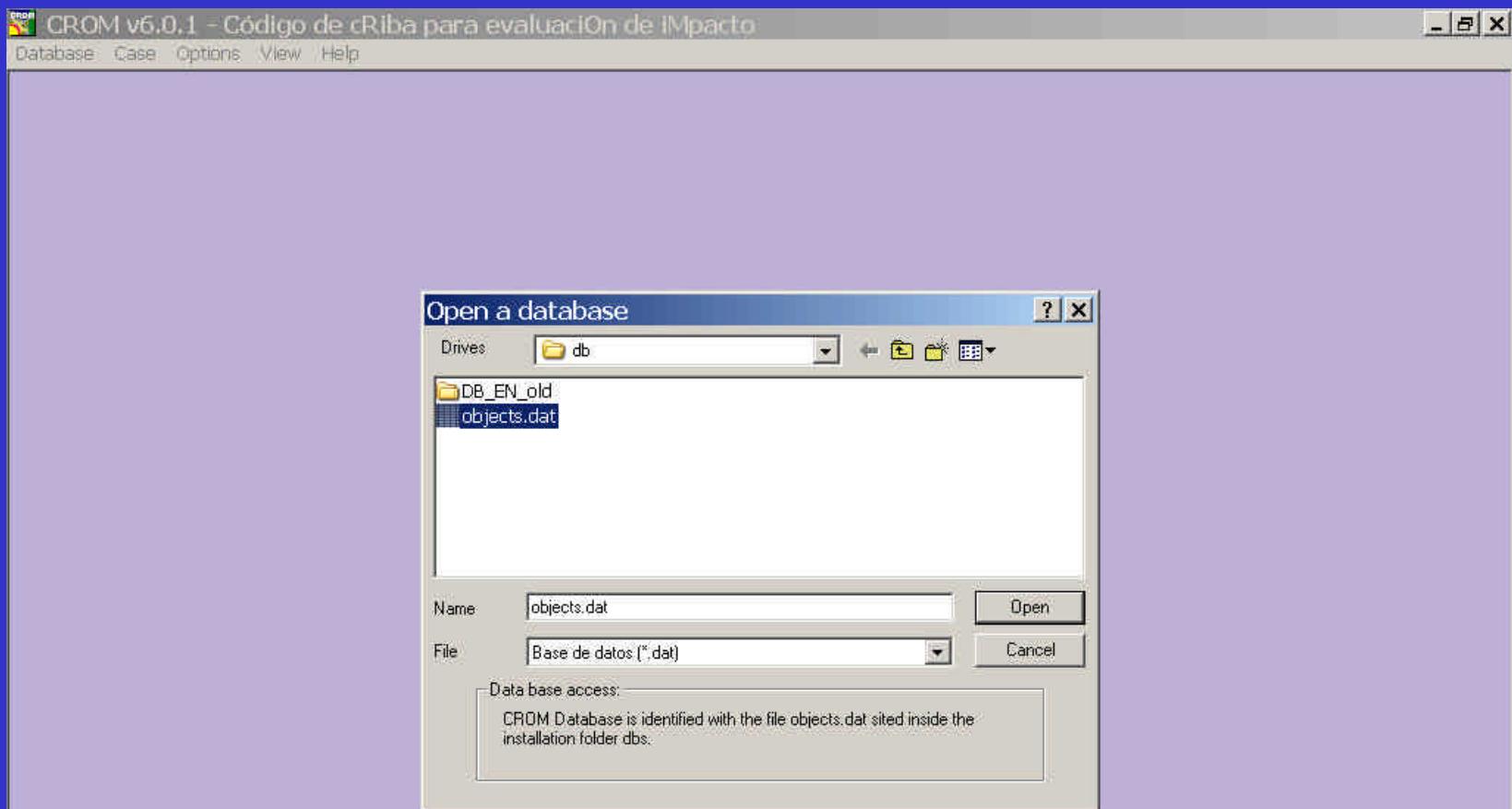
CROM - Installation



CROM - Use



CROM - Use



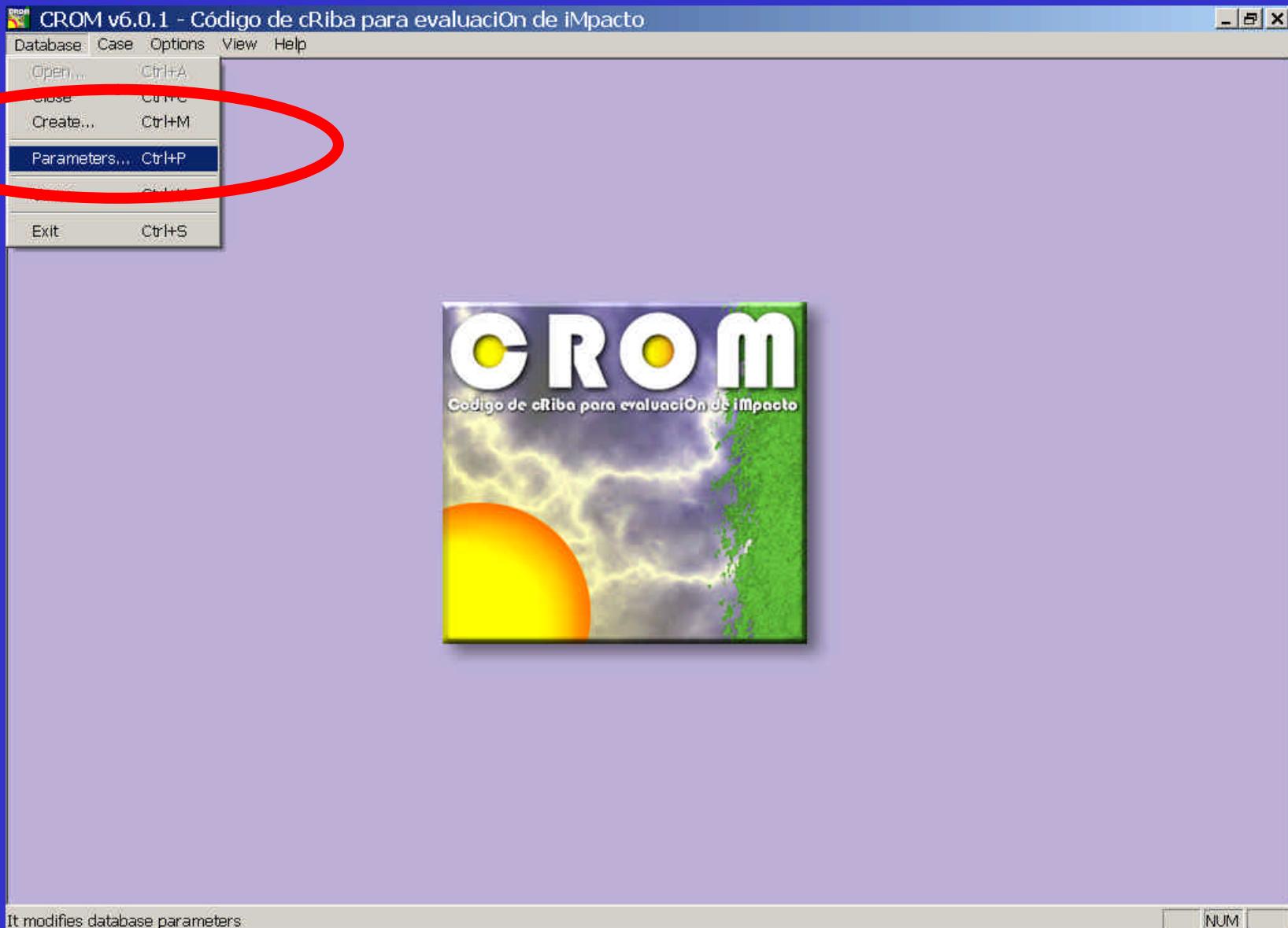
CROM - Use

CROM v6.0.1 - Código de Riba para evaluación de Impacto

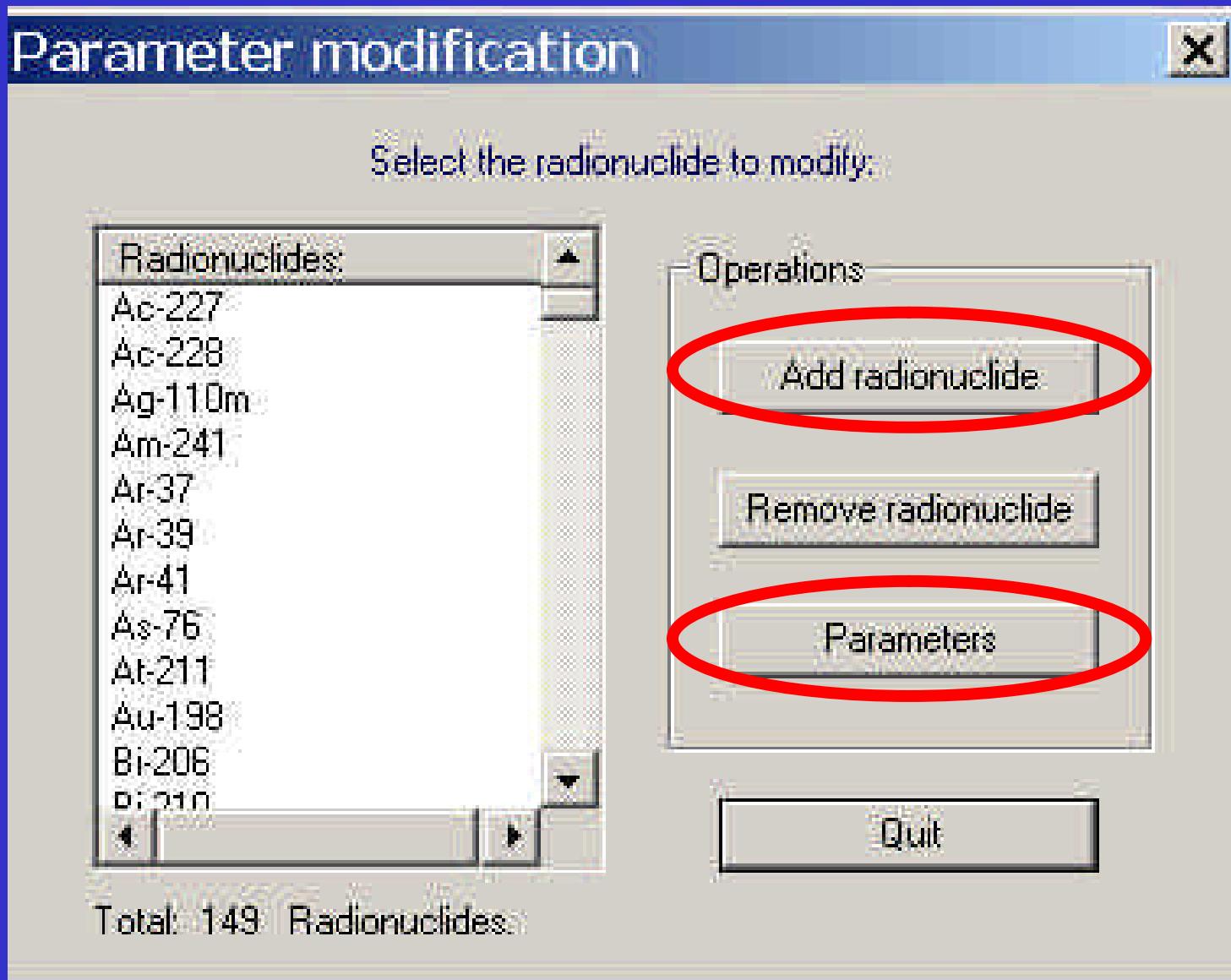
Database Case Options View Help



CROM - Use



CROM - Use



CROM - Use

Radionuclide parameters Am-241

Radionuclide: Am-241

Radioactive decay constant: 5.082E-11 s⁻¹

OK Cancel

Radionuclide effective dose coefficient due to:

Air Submersion | Ground deposition | Water immersion | Ingestion | Inhalation

External irradiation effective dose coefficient from air for:

Gamma emitting radionuclide: 2.581E-08 Sv m³/year Bq

Beta emitting radionuclide: 4.039E-08 Sv m³/year Bq

CROM - Use

Radionuclide parameters Am-241



Radionuclide: Am-241

OK

Radioactive decay constant:

5.082E-11

s-1

Cancel

Radionuclide effective dose coefficient due to

Air Submersion

Ground deposition

Water immersion

Ingestion

Inhalation

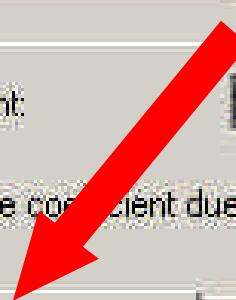
External irradiation effective dose coefficient from ground for

Gamma emitting radionuclide: 8.679E-10

Sv m²/year Bq

Beta emitting radionuclide: 2.626E-09

Sv m²/year Bq



CROM - Use

Radionuclide parameters Am-241

Radionuclide : Am-241

Radioactive decay constant: 5.082E-11 s⁻¹

OK Cancel

Radionuclide effective dose coefficient due to:

Air Submersion | Ground deposition | Water immersion | Ingestion | Inhalation |

External irradiation effective dose coefficient from water immersion for:

Gamma emitting radionuclide: 5.933E-11 Sv m³/year Bq

Beta emitting radionuclide: 9.404E-11 Sv m³/year Bq



CROM - Use

Radionuclide parameters Am-241

Radionuclide : Am-241

Radioactive decay constant: 5.082E-11 s⁻¹

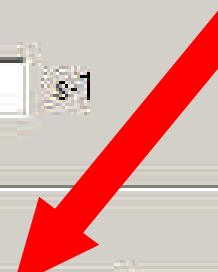
OK Cancel

Radionuclide effective dose coefficient due to

Air Submersion | Ground deposition | Water immersion | **Ingestion** | Inhalation

Internal irradiation effective dose per unit intake via ingestion
for each age group. Sv/Bq.

0 - 1 year	3.70E-06	7 - 12 years	2.20E-07
1 - 2 years	3.70E-07	12 - 17 years	2.00E-07
2 - 7 years	2.70E-07	More than 17	2.00E-07



CROM - Use

Radionuclide parameters Am-241

Radionuclide: Am-241

Radioactive decay constant: 5.082E-11 s⁻¹

OK Cancel

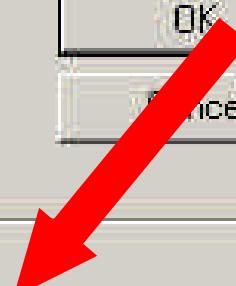
Radionuclide effective dose coefficient due to

Air Submersion | Ground deposition | Water immersion | Ingestion | **Inhalation**

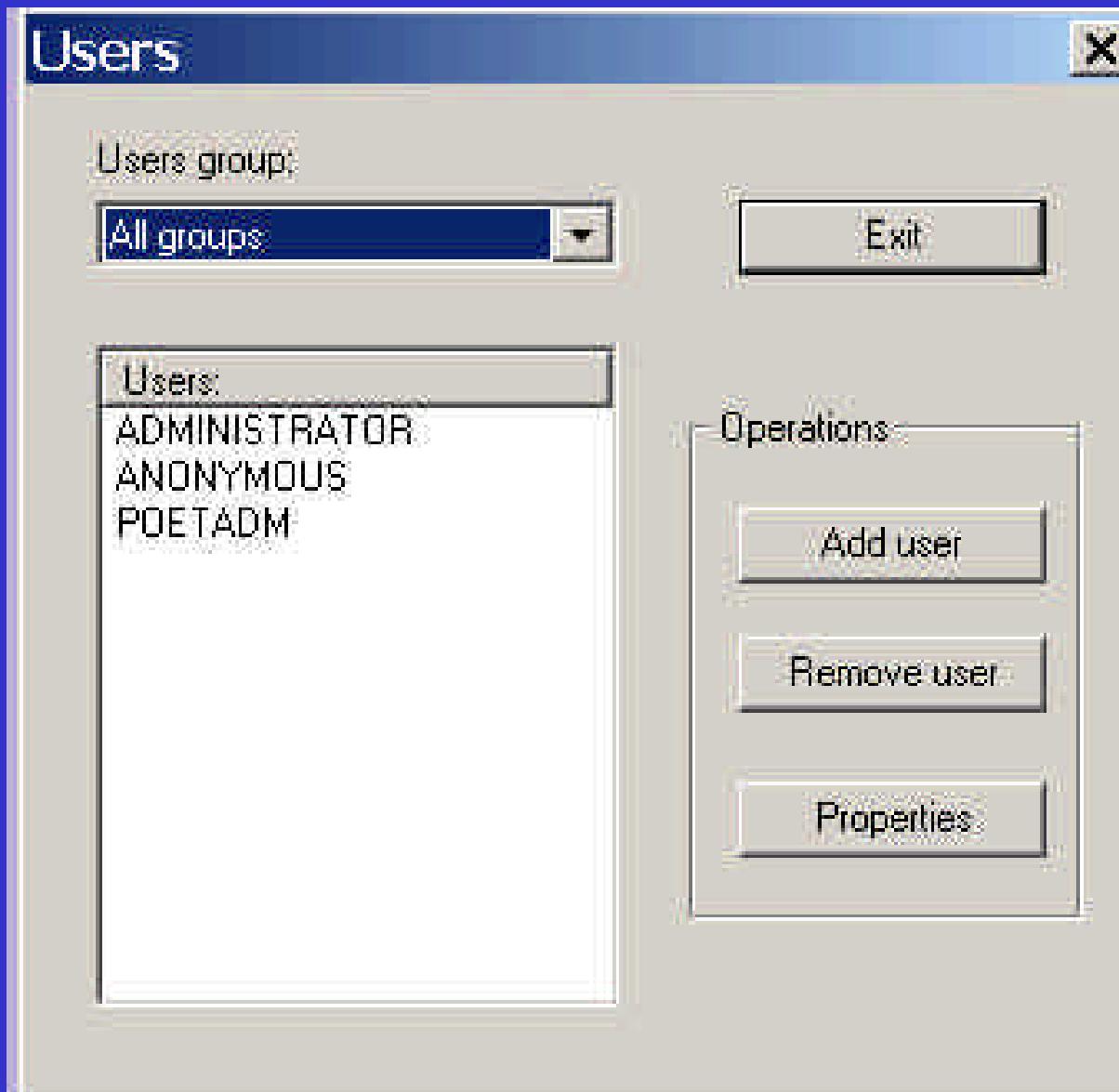
Internal irradiation effective dose per unit intake via inhalation
for each age group, Sv/Bq

Inhalation type: F Add type Remove type

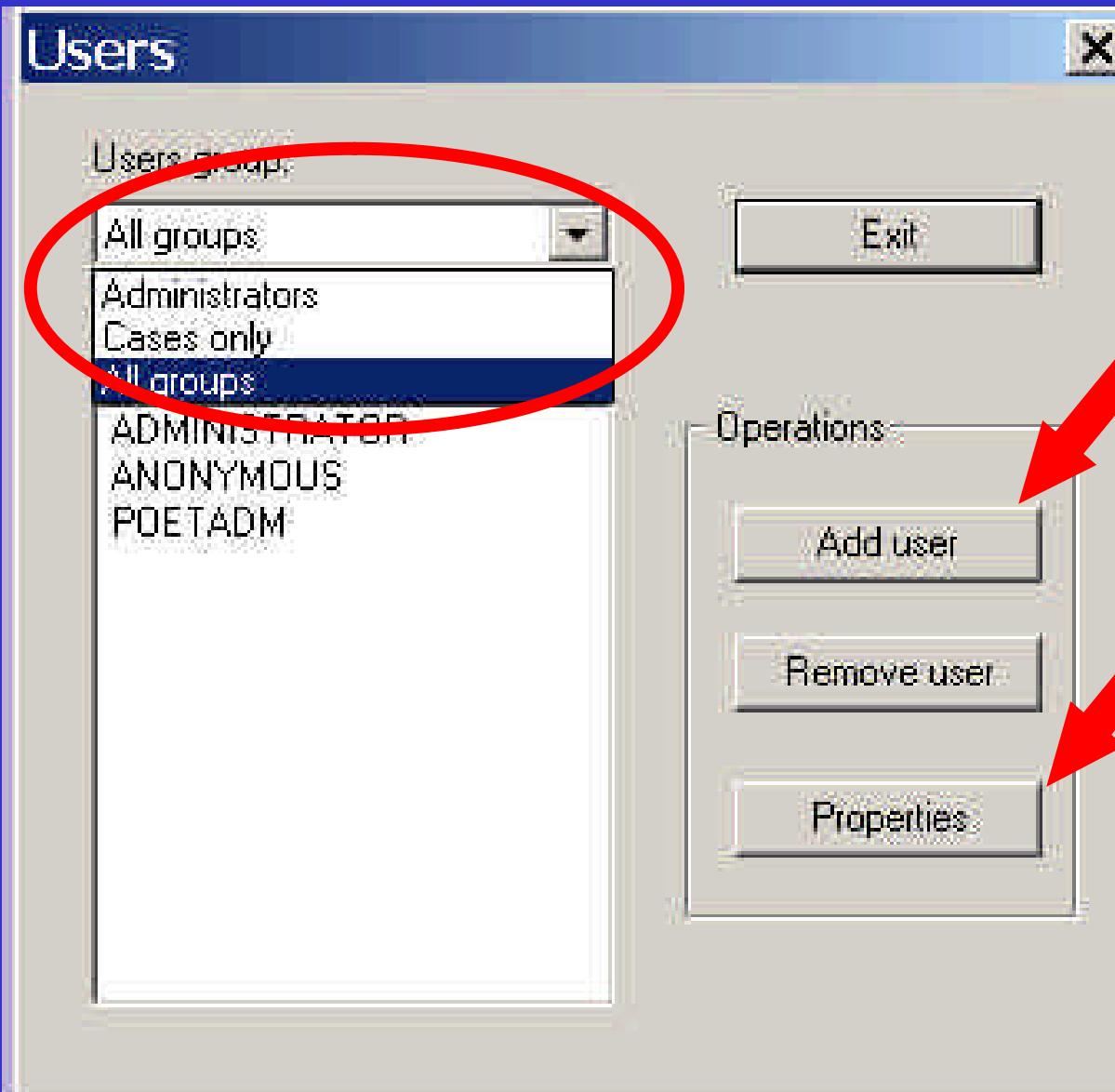
Age Group	Effective Dose Coefficient (Sv/Bq)
0 - 1 year	1.80E-04
1 - 2 years	1.80E-04
2 - 7 years	1.20E-04
7 - 12 years	1.00E-04
12 - 17 years	9.20E-05
More than 17	9.60E-05



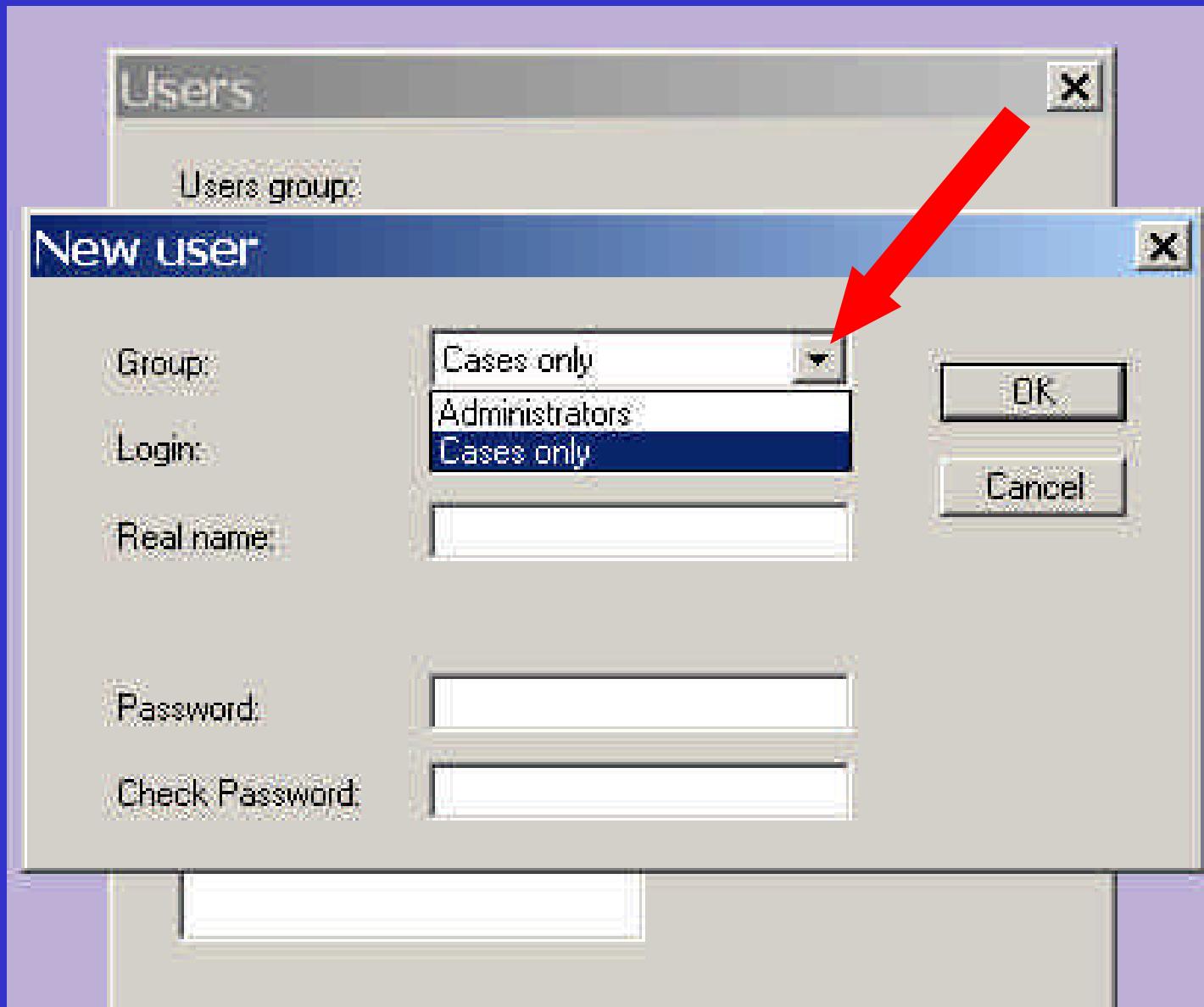
CROM - Use



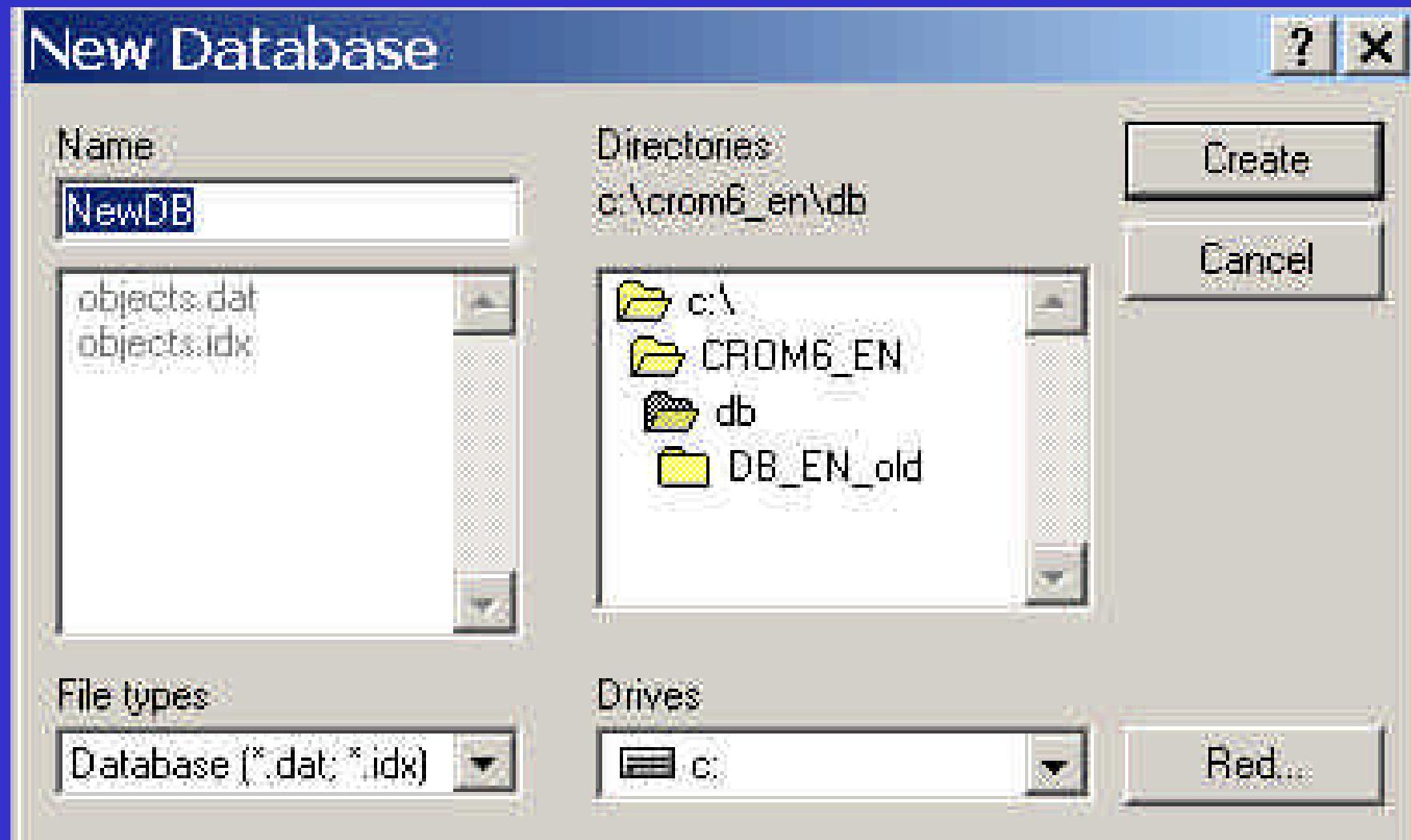
CROM - Use



CROM - Use



CROM - Use



CROM - Use



CROM - Use

Open case



Cases:	Modified	User:
EX-IV-1	24/7/2007 11:24	POETADM
EX-IV-2	24/7/2007 11:27	POETADM
EX-IV-3	24/5/2006 10:35	POETADM
EX-IV-4	24/7/2007 11:19	POETADM
EX-IV-5	24/5/2006 12:50	POETADM
EX-IV-6	24/5/2006 15:52	POETADM
EX-IV-7	24/5/2006 15:55	POETADM
EX-IV-8	17/10/2007 12:51	POETADM

OK

Cancel

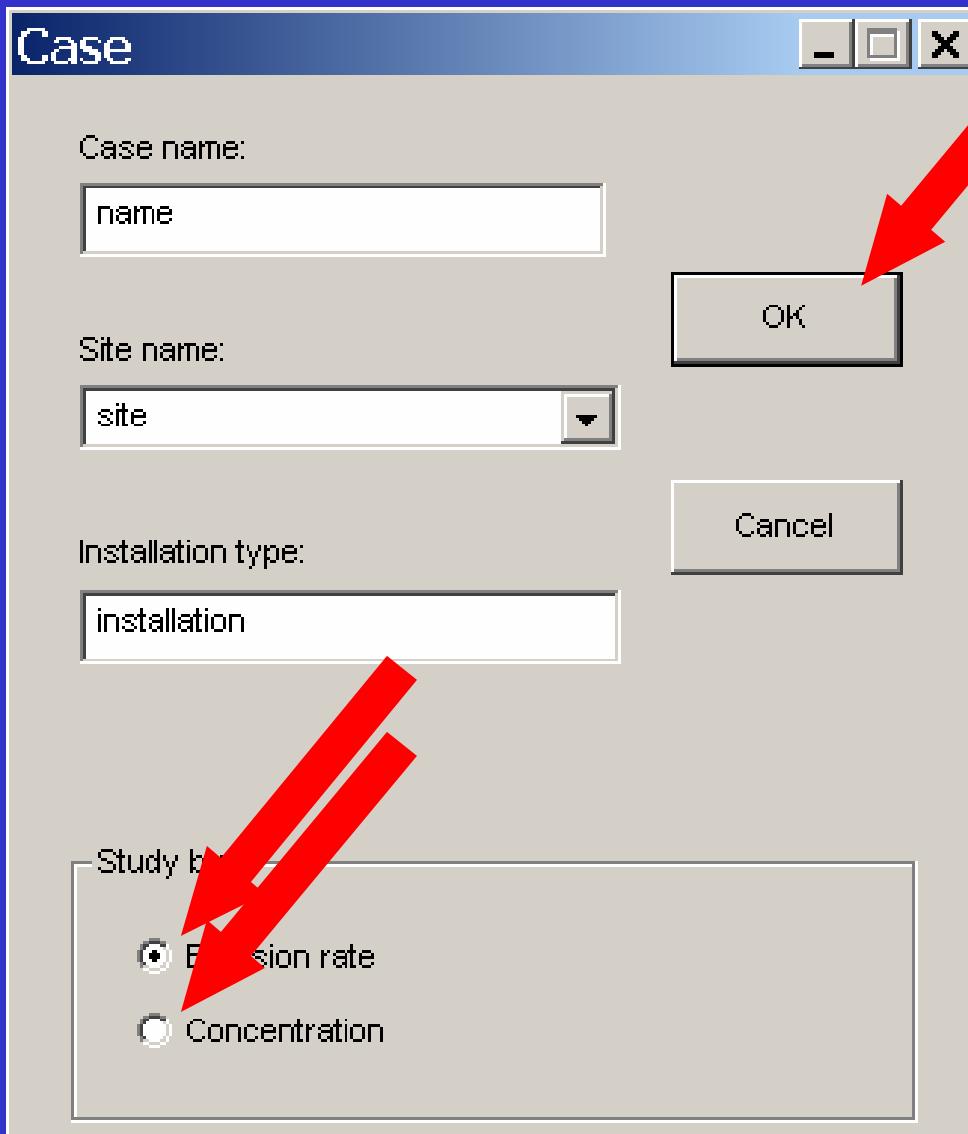
Update

Total: 8 Cases in Database

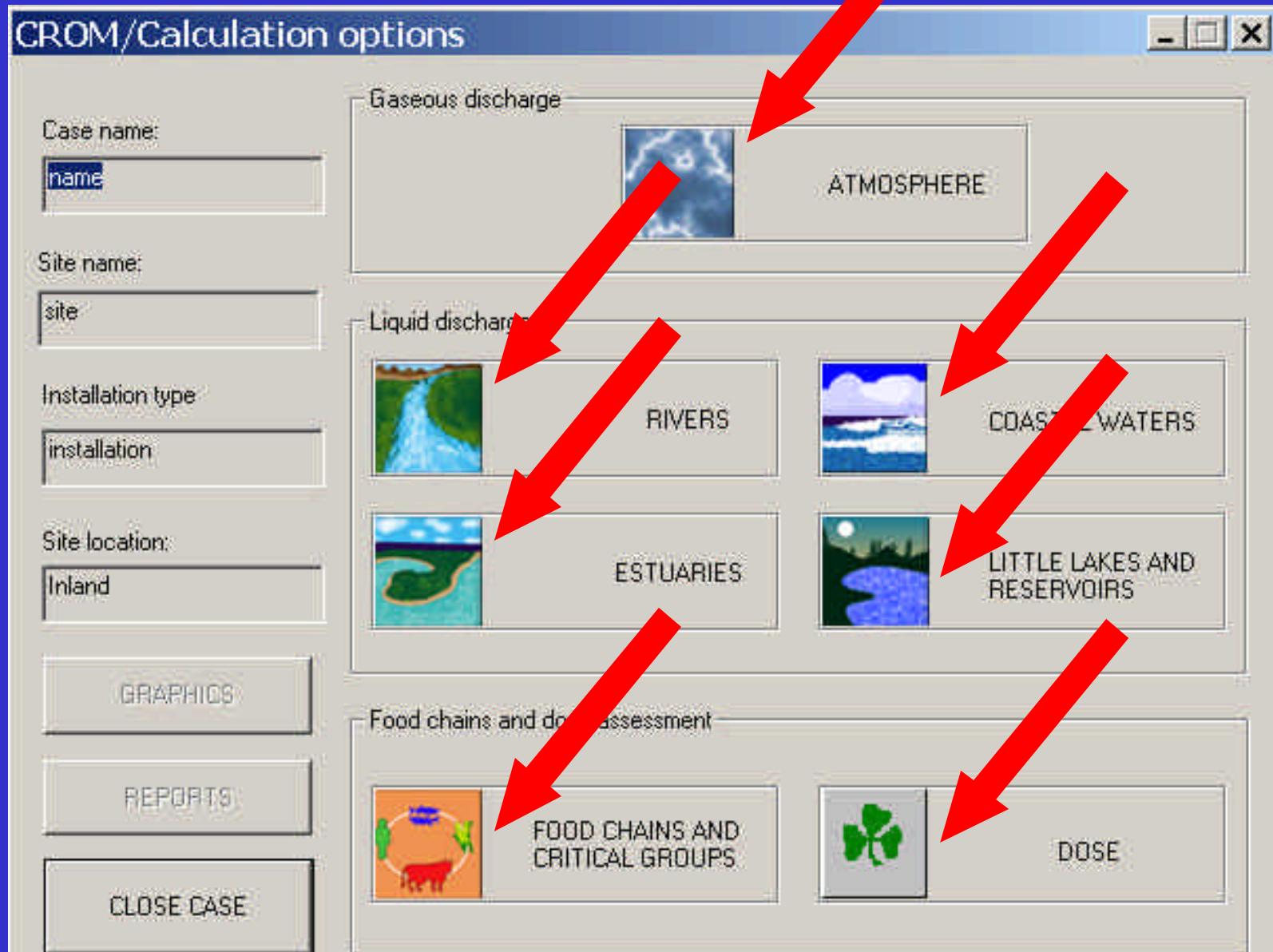
CROM - Use



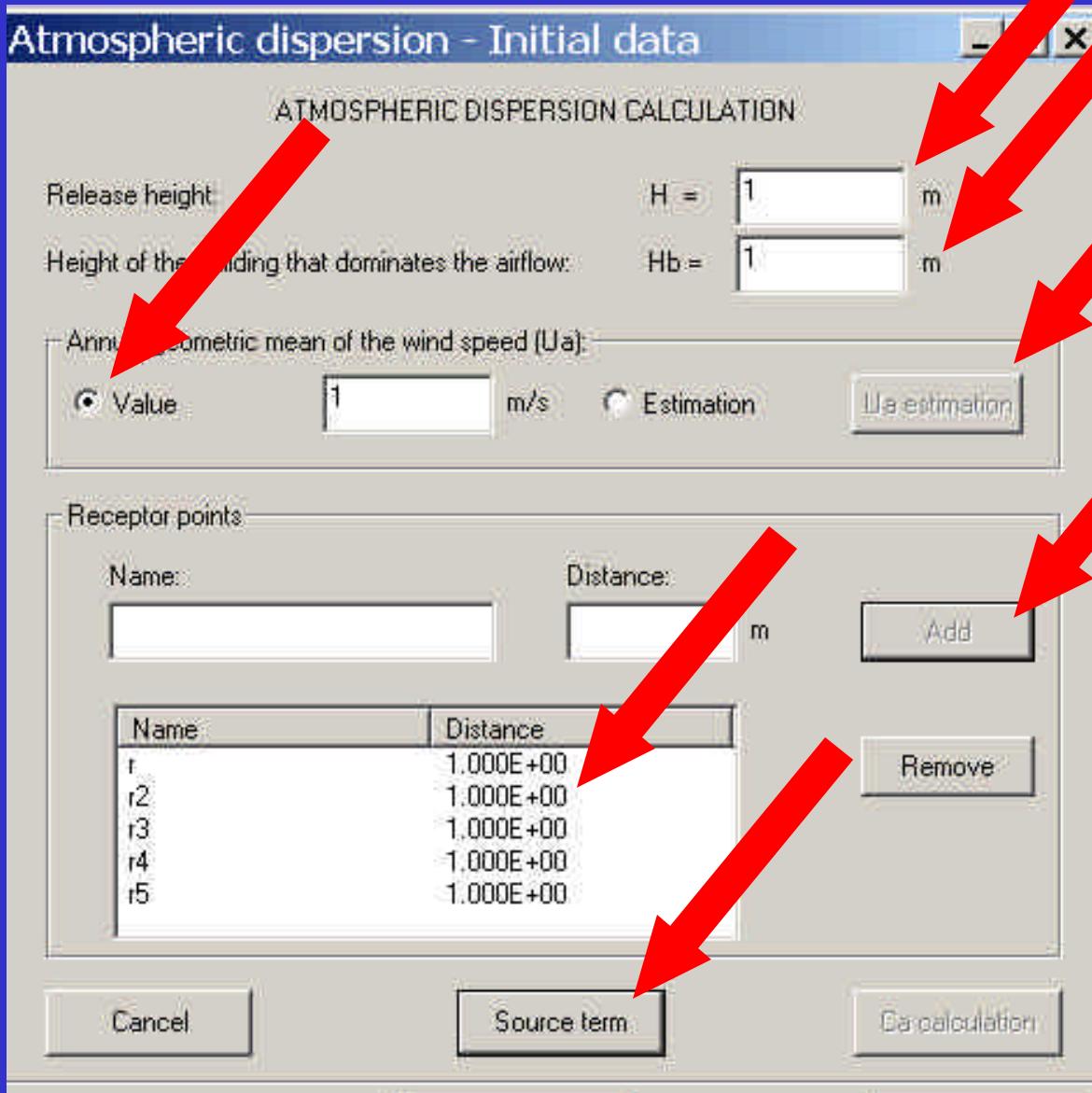
CROM - Use



CROM - Use



CROM - Use



CROM - Use

Atmospheric dispersion - Source Form

Radionuclides:

- Ac-227
- Ac-228
- Ag-110m
- Am-241**
- Ar-37
- Ar-39
- Ar-41
- As-76
- At-211

Q_i: Annual average discharge rate.
V_d: Dry deposition coefficient.
V_w: Wet deposition coefficient.

Radionuclides: Q_i (Bq/s) V_d (m/d) V_w (m/d)

Am-241	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
--------	-----------	-----------	-----------

Add Remove

Cancel OK

Radionuclide	Q _i (Bq/s)	V _d (m/d)	V _w [m/d]
Am-241	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00

CROM - Use

- ❖ 5 receptor point
- ❖ More than 20 radionuclides in the source term

CROM - Use

Atmospheric dispersion - Initial data

ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION CALCULATION

Release height: $H = 1.000E+00$ m

Height of the building that dominates the airflow: $H_b = 1.000E+00$ m

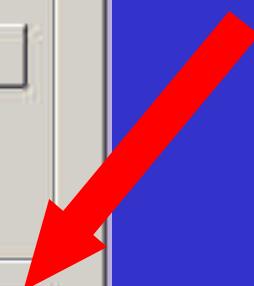
Annual geometric mean of the wind speed (U_a):

Value m/s Estimation

Receptor points

Name:	Distance:
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> m
<input type="button" value="Add"/>	

Name	Distance
r	1.000E+00
r2	1.000E+00
r3	1.000E+00
r4	1.000E+00
r5	1.000E+00



CROM - Use

Dispersion in the lee of a building

Receptor point: Distance: m

Wall surface that dominates the airflow: $A_b = \text{[input]} \text{ m}^2$

<< Back Cancel Continue

Dispersion in the lee of a building inside the ...

Receptor point: Distance: m

Source and receptor:

On same building
 Not on same building

<< Back Cancel Continue

CAVITY ZONE: Source and receptor on same building

CAVITY ZONE: Source and receptor on same building

Receptor point: Distance: m

Stack diameter: m

<< Back

CAVITY ZONE: Separated buildings

Receptor Point: Distance: m

P_p: Fraction of time during the year that the wind blows towards the receptor in sector p: 1

K: Constant for representing the building width (m): 1.000E+00

W_b: Building width (m): 1

flow rate at the release point: 1

the year that the wind blows towards the receptor in sector p: 1

Cancel Continue

<< Back Cancel Continue

CROM - Use

Atmospheric dispersion - Results

Receptor points:

- r1
- r2
- r3
- r4
- r5

Results:

Radionuclide	Air concentration (Bq/m ³)	Ground deposit (Bq/m ²)
Am-241	1.000E+00	2.000E+00
Ar-37	1.000E+00	2.000E+00
Ar-41	1.000E+00	2.000E+00
Ac-228	1.000E+00	2.000E+00
Bi-212	1.000E+00	2.000E+00
Cd-109	1.000E+00	2.000E+00
Br-82	1.000E+00	2.000E+00

 Back Close dispersion

CROM - Use

CROM/Calculation options

Case name:

Site name:

Installation type:

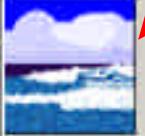
Site location:

Gaseous discharge

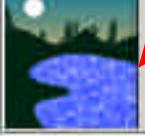
 ATMOSPHERE

Liquid discharge

 RIVERS

 COASTAL WATERS

 ESTUARIES

 LITTLE LAKES AND RESERVOIRS

Food chains and dose assessment

 FOOD CHAINS AND CRITICAL GROUPS

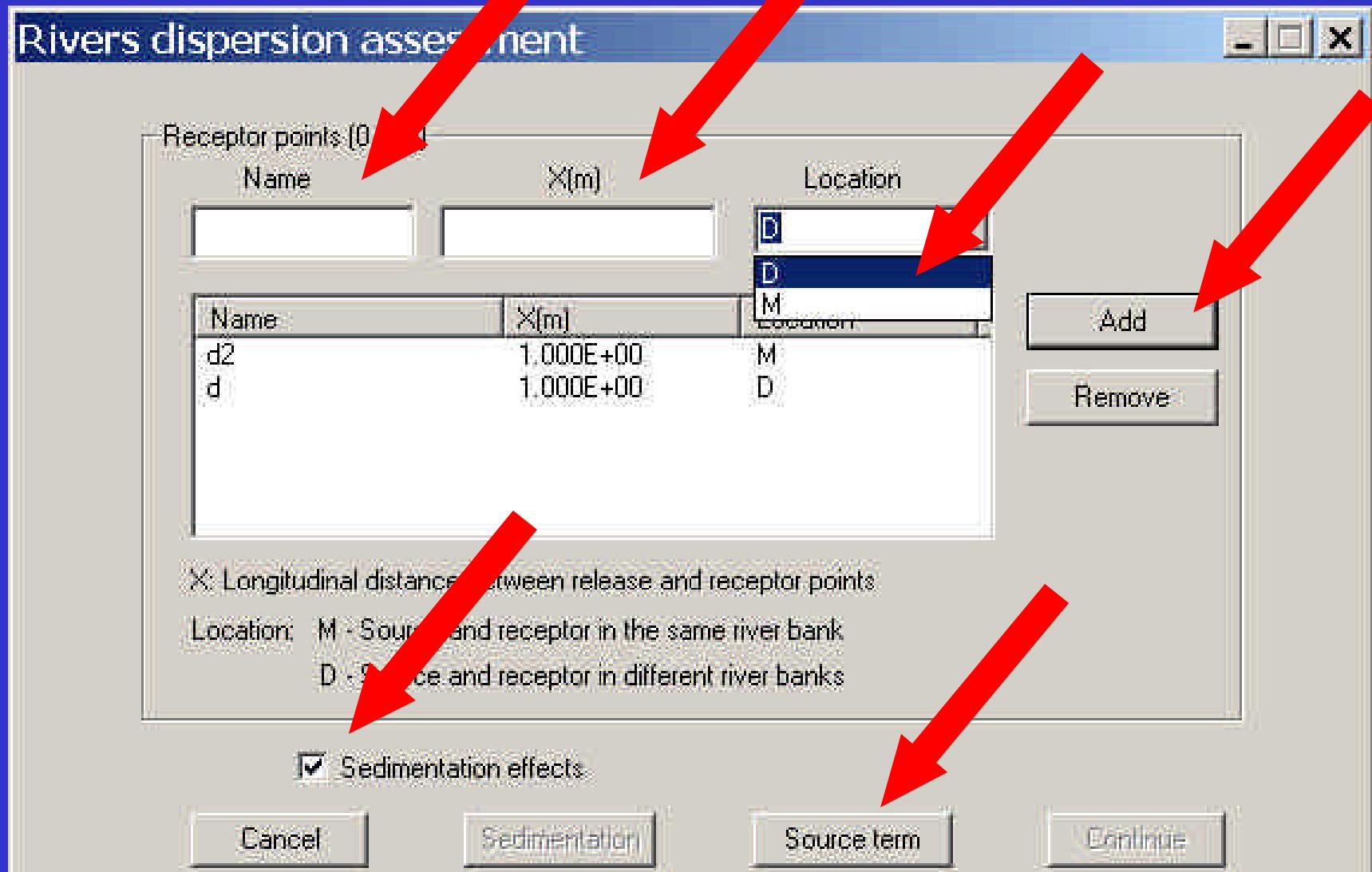
 DOSE

GRAPHICS

REPORTS

CLOSE CASE

CROM - Use



CROM - Use

Rivers dispersion - Source term

Q_i: Annual average discharge rate

K_d: Distribution coefficient of radionuclide on sediments

Radionuclides:

Ac-227
Ac-228
Ag-110m
Am-241
Ar-37
Ar-41
Ar-76

Radionuclide Q_i (Bq/s) K_d (L/kg)

Radionuclide	Q _i (Bq/s)	K _d (L/kg)
Ag-110m	1.000E+00	1.000E+00

Add Remove

<< Back Cancel Continue

CROM - Use

Rivers dispersion assessment

Receptor points (0 to 5)											
Name	X(m)	Location									
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	D									
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Name</th><th>X(m)</th><th>Location</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>d2</td><td>1.000E+00</td><td>M</td></tr><tr><td>d</td><td>1.000E+00</td><td>D</td></tr></tbody></table>			Name	X(m)	Location	d2	1.000E+00	M	d	1.000E+00	D
Name	X(m)	Location									
d2	1.000E+00	M									
d	1.000E+00	D									
<p>Add</p> <p>Remove</p>											

X: Longitudinal distance between release and receptor points

Location: M - Source and receptor in the same river bank
D - Source and receptor in different river banks

Sedimentation effects

CROM - Use

Rivers dispersion - Sediment effects

Sediment parameters:

Value Estimate

Ss - Suspended sediment load

0.000E+02

kg/m³

Tef - Effective accumulation time on the bottom

3.150E+07

s

Teo - Effective accumulation time on the river bank

3.150E+07

s

[« Back](#)

[Cancel](#)

[OK](#)

CROM - Use

Rivers dispersion assessment

Receptor points (0 to 5)

Name	X(m)	Location	
		D	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
d2	1.000E+00	M	<input type="button" value="Add"/>
d	1.000E+00	D	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>

X: Longitudinal distance between release and receptor points

Location: M - Source and receptor in the same river bank

D - Source and receptor in different river banks

Sedimentation effects

CROM - Use

Rivers dispersion - Initial data

Flow conditions data:

	Value	Estimate	
qw - 30 year low annual flow rate	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	9.606E-03 m ³ /s
D - River depth corresponding to qw	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	5.571E-03 m
U - Flow velocity corresponding to qw	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	5.172E+00 m/s
Lz - Required distance to achieve complete vertical mixing	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	3.742E-02 m
Ex - Longitudinal dispersion coefficient	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	3.438E+01 m ² /s
Ey - Lateral dispersion coefficient	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1.729E-03 m ² /s
Ez - Vertical dispersion coefficient	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1.930E-04 m ² /s
B - River width corresponding to qw	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	0.333E+00 m
 - Mean annual width	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		0.00E+00 m
Fef - Liquid discharge flow rate		<input type="text" value="1"/>	m ³ /s

CROM - Use

Rivers dispersion - Results

C_{w,tot} - Water
C_{s,w} - Suspended sediment
C_{s,b} - Bottom sediment
C_{s,s} - River bank sediment concentration

Receptor points

Radionuclide	C _w (Bq/m ³)	C _{s,s} (Bq/kg)	C _{s,f} (Bq/kg)	C _{s,o} (Bq/kg)
Ag-110m	6.842E+02	0.684E+00	4.305E-02	2.583E+00

<< Back Close rivers

Radionuclide	C _w (Bq/m ³)	C _{s,s} (Bq/kg)	C _{s,f} (Bq/kg)	C _{s,o} (Bq/kg)
Ag-110m	6.842E+02	0.684E+00	4.305E-02	2.583E+00

CROM - Use

CROM/Calculation options



Case name:

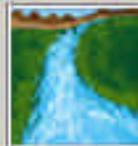
Gaseous discharge



ATMOSPHERE

Site name:

Liquid discharge



RIVERS

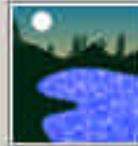


COASTAL WATERS

Installation type



ESTUARIES



LITTLE LAKES AND RESERVOIRS

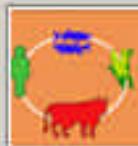
Site location:

GRAPHICS

REPORTS

CLOSE CASE

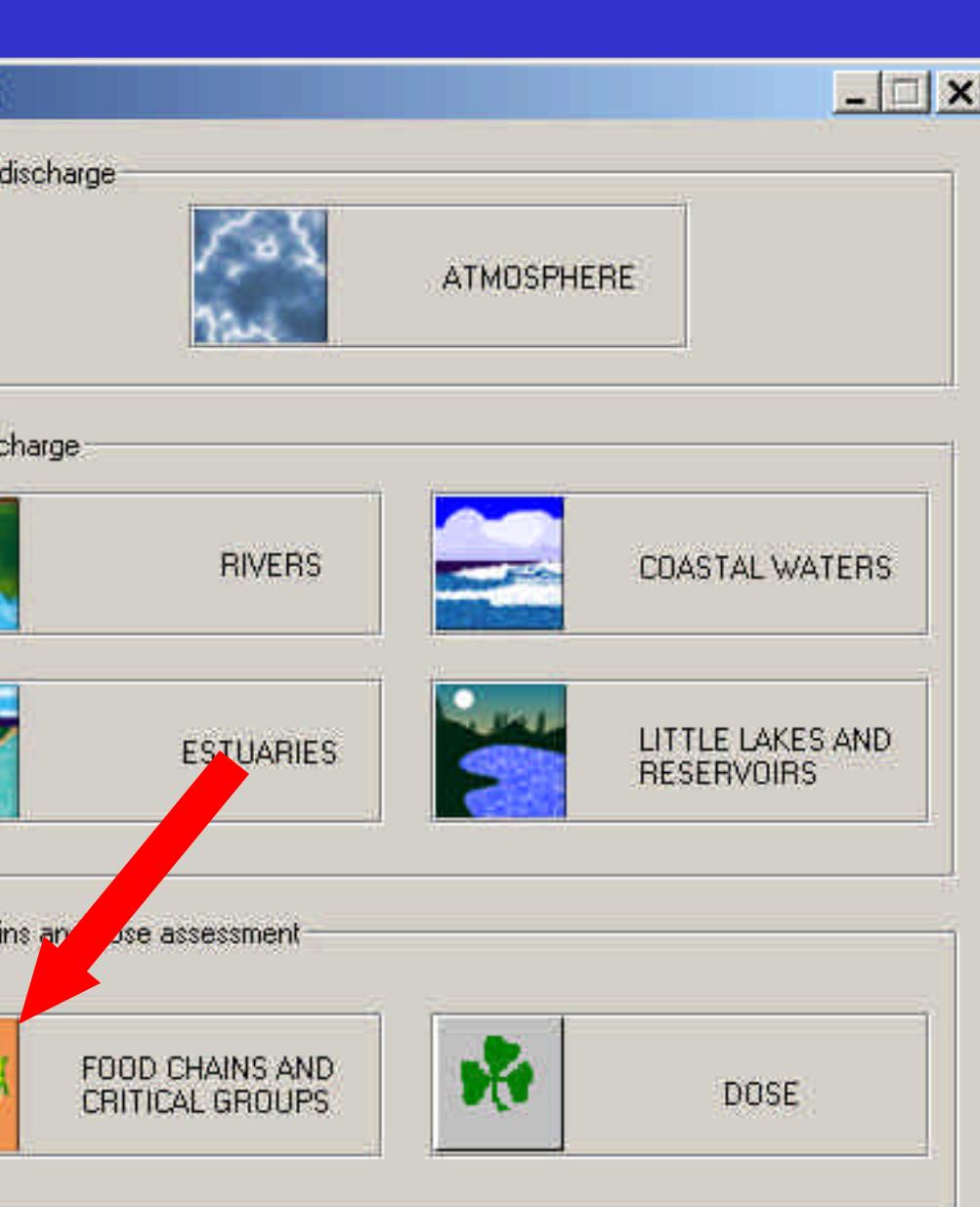
Food chains and dose assessment



FOOD CHAINS AND CRITICAL GROUPS



DOSE



CROM - Use

Source specifications

HCGL	HCCL	ACCL	AIWH	AIWA	AWHD	AWAD	AFISH	ASWM
HCG-1								
HCG-2								
HCG-3								
HCG-4								
HCG-5								

HCG - "nro" - Hypothetical critical group N°, "nro":

Sources

Atmospheric pathways

- HCGL - Hypothetical critical group location
- HCCL - Human consumption crop lands
- ACCL - Animal consumption crop lands

Aquatic pathways

- AIWH - Irrigation water for human consumption crops
- AIWA - Irrigation water for animal consumption crops
- AWHD - Water for human direct intake
- AWAD - Water for animal direct intake
- AFISH - Fishing water for HCG consumption
- ASWM - Swimming water for HCG members

Water source

HCG-1

HCG-2

HCG-3

HCG-4

HCG-5

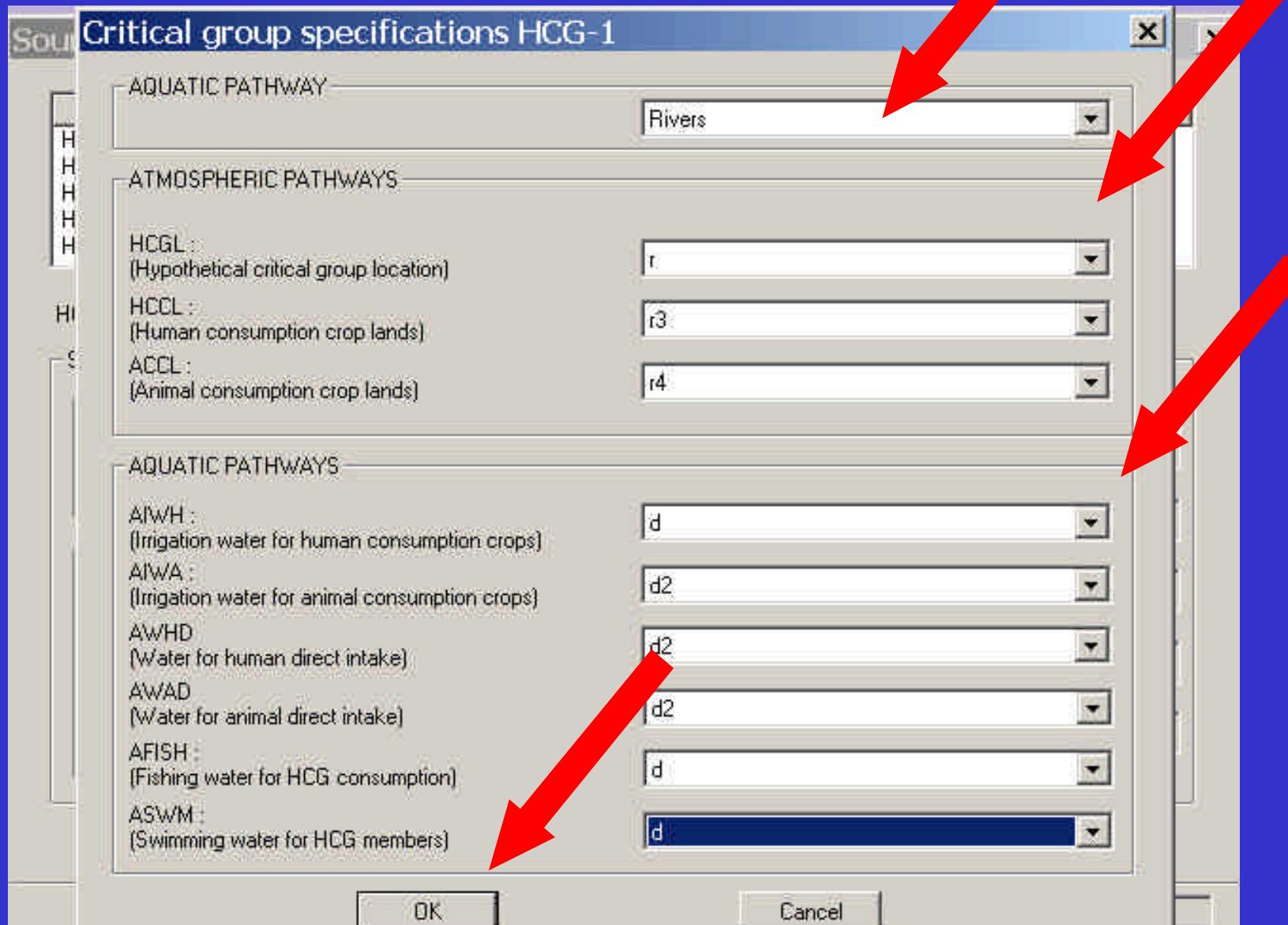
<< Back

Continue

Modified study: New Study

User:

CROM - Use



CROM - Use

Foodstuff concentrations - Critical group selection

HCG-1 HYPOTHETICAL CRITICAL GROUP

Terrestrial food consumption

Human consumption veg

- Green vegetables
- Fruit vegetables
- Roots
- Fruit
- Grain

Meat

- Cow meat
- Sheep meat
- Pig meat
- Poultry

Milk and eggs

- Cow milk
- Sheep milk
- Goat milk
- Eggs

Animal consumption

Animal feed

- Fodder
- Pasture
- Roots
- Whey
- Grain

Aquatic food

- Marine fish
- Marine shellfish
- Freshwater fish
- Freshwater shellfish
- Macroalga

Parameters:

Vegetables Terrestrial animals Aquatic organisms

Duration of radioactive material discharge

20 years

<< Back Show Results End

CROM - Use

Foodstuff concentrat... - Vegetables data (human consu... X

Foodstuff

Terrestrial fo

Human

Gr

Fr

Re

Fr

Gr

Aquatic foo

Parameters depending on the crop type

Denomination	te (d)	Irrig.(m ³ /m ² d)	Ef. Den. (kg/m ²)	th (d)
Green vegetables	1	1	1	1

te - Time period that crops are exposed to contamination during the growing season
th - Delay time between harvest and consumption
Ef. Den. - Effective surface soil density

Parameters depending on the crop type and/or radionuclide

Ac-228

Ac-228

Ag-110m

Am-241

Ar-37

Ar-41

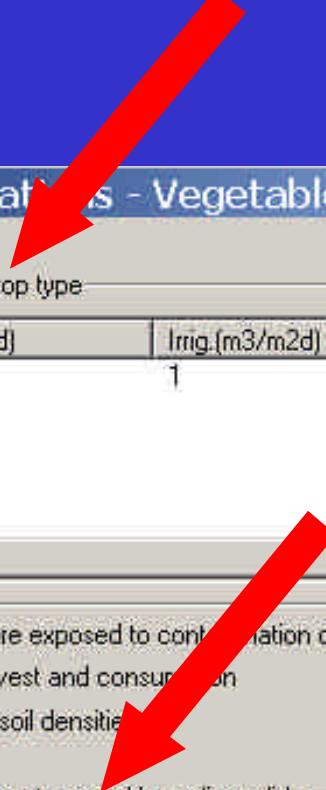
Bi-212

Br-82

di - Atmospheric deposit assessment (Bq·m⁻²)

kg	n/r veg.(d-1)	n/r ground(d-1)	Trans. Coeff.

<< Back Cancel Calculate



CROM - Use

Crop depending parameters

Crop:

Time period that crops are exposed to contamination during the growing season - te: days

Average irrigation rate - Iw: m³/(m² d)

Effective surface soil density: kg/m²

Delay time between harvest and consumption - th: days

Radionuclide dependent parameters

Crop:

Radionuclide:

Mass interception factor: m²/k

Rate constant for reduction of activity in crop: d⁻¹

Rate constant for reduction of activity in soil: d⁻¹

Soil - plant transfer factor:

CROM - Use

Foodstuff concentrations - Critical group diet

HCG-1 HYPOTHETICAL CRITICAL GROUP

Terrestrial food - Human consumption

- Human consumption veg

- Green vegetables
- Fruit vegetables
- Roots
- Fruit
- Grain

Meat

- Cow meat
- Sheep meat
- Pig meat
- Poultry

Milk and eggs

- Cow milk
- Sheep milk
- Goat milk
- Eggs

Animal consumption

Animal feed

- Fodder
- Pasture
- Roots
- Whey
- Grain

Aquatic food

- Marine fish
- Marine shellfish
- Freshwater fish
- Freshwater shellfish
- Macroalga

Parameters

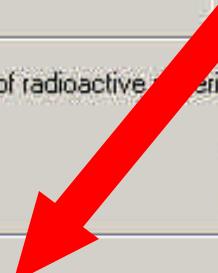
Vegetables

Terrestrial Animals

Aquatic organisms

Duration of radioactive material discharge

20 years

Show Results

<< Back

End

CROM - Use

Foodstuff concentration - Results

Radionuclide: Ac-228 Critical group: HCG-1

Animal feed

Denomination	Conc. (Bq/kg)

Human consumption vegetables

Denomination	Conc. (Bq/kg)
Green vegetables	7.052E-02

Meat

Denomination	Conc. (Bq/kg)

Aquatic foods

Denomination	Conc. (Bq/kg)

Milk and eggs

Denomination	Conc. (Bq/kg)

[« Back](#)

CROM - Use

Foodstuff concentrations - Critical group diet

HCG-1 HYPOTHETICAL CRITICAL GROUP

Terrestrial food - Human consumption

Human consumption veg

- Green vegetables
- Fruit vegetables
- Roots
- Fruit
- Grain

Meat

- Cow meat
- Sheep meat
- Pig meat
- Poultry

Milk and eggs

- Cow milk
- Sheep milk
- Goat milk
- Eggs

Animal consumption

Animal feed

- Fodder
- Pasture
- Roots
- Whey
- Grain

Aquatic food

- Marine fish
- Marine shellfish
- Freshwater fish
- Freshwater shellfish
- Macroalga

Parameters

Vegetables

Terrestrial Animals

Aquatic organisms

Duration of radioactive material discharge

20 years

<< Back

Show Results

End



CROM - Use

CROM/Calculation options

Case name:

Gaseous discharge

ATMOSPHERE

Site name:

Liquid discharge

RIVERS

COASTAL WATERS

ESTUARIES

LITTLE LAKES AND RESERVOIRS

GRAPHICS

REPORTS

CLOSE CASE

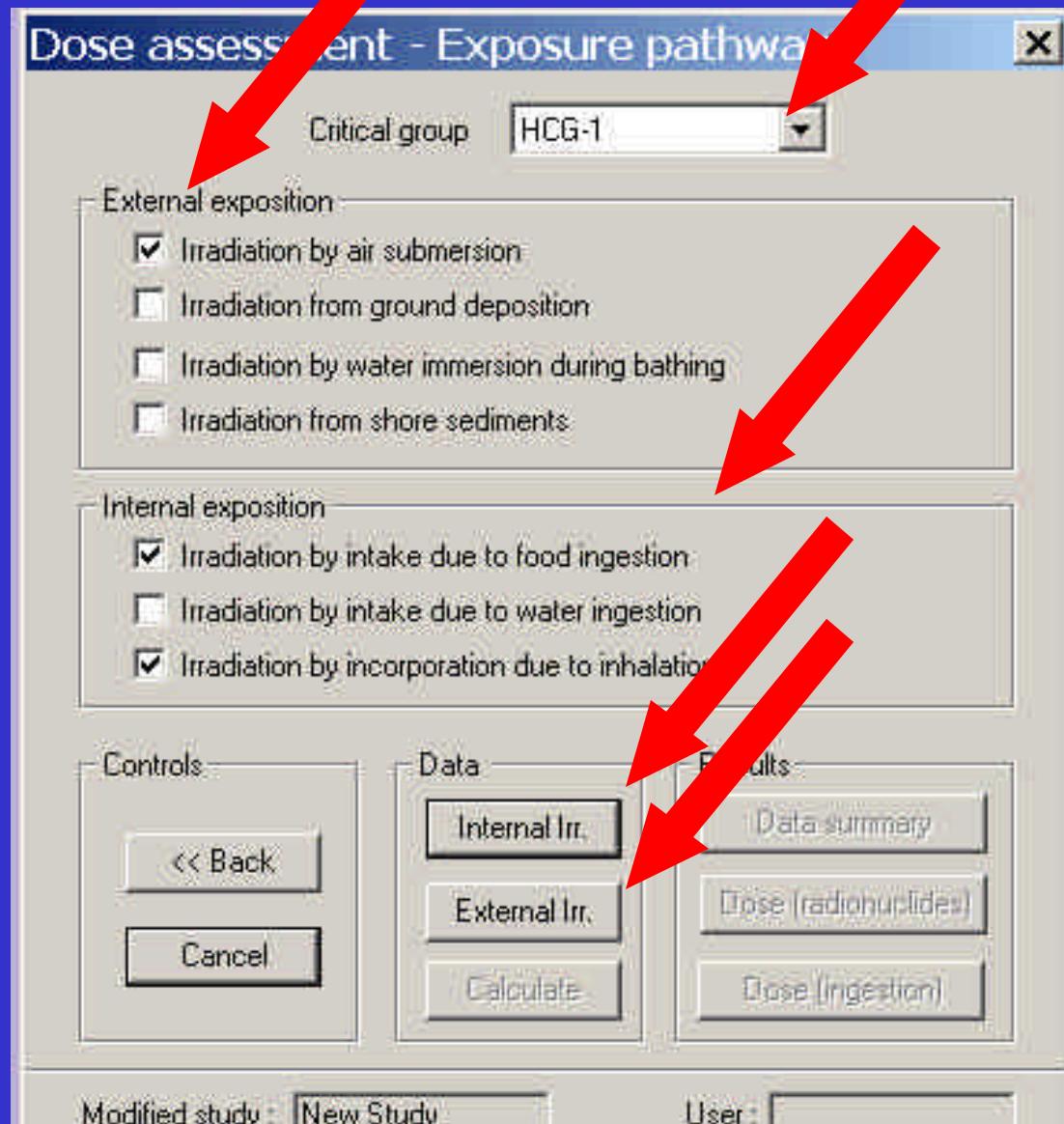
Food chains and dose assessment

FOOD CHAINS AND CRITICAL GROUPS

DOSE



CROM - Use



CROM - Use

Dose assessment - Internal irradiation data for the critical group: HCG-1

Diet composition

Units:

- Q - Food (kg/year)
- Q - Water (m³/year)
- f - Adimensional

Radionuclide: Am-241

Product: Green vegetables

Q: 1

f: 1

Add value

Age group: 0-1

Products	0-1	1-2	2-7	7-12	12-17	More than 17
Green vege...	1	1	1	1	1	1

Inhalation data

Radionuclide: Am-241

Inhalation rate

Type: F

0-1	1-2	2-7	7-12	12-17	More than 17
1043.9	1898	3197.4	5577.2	7216	8322

<< Back

Continue

The image shows a screenshot of the CROM software interface for dose assessment. Several red arrows are overlaid on the screen, pointing to specific input fields and data tables. The top section, 'Diet composition', includes dropdown menus for 'Radionuclide' (Am-241) and 'Product' (Green vegetables), and input fields for 'Q' (1) and 'f' (1). A button 'Add value' is also present. Below this is a table for different age groups (0-1, 1-2, 2-7, 7-12, 12-17, More than 17) with columns for 'Products' (Q and f values). The second section, 'Inhalation data', has a dropdown for 'Radionuclide' (Am-241), a dropdown for 'Type' (F), and a table for inhalation rates across the same age groups. Red arrows point to the 'Radionuclide' dropdown in both sections, the 'Q' and 'f' fields in the diet section, the 'Add value' button, the 'Products' table, the 'Type' dropdown in the inhalation section, and the inhalation rate table.

CROM - Use

Dose assessment: External irradiation data for critical group: HCG-1

Specification	Age groups (years)					
	0-1	1-2	2-7	7-12	12-17	More than 17
External	0	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5
Internal	0	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5

Occupancy factor:

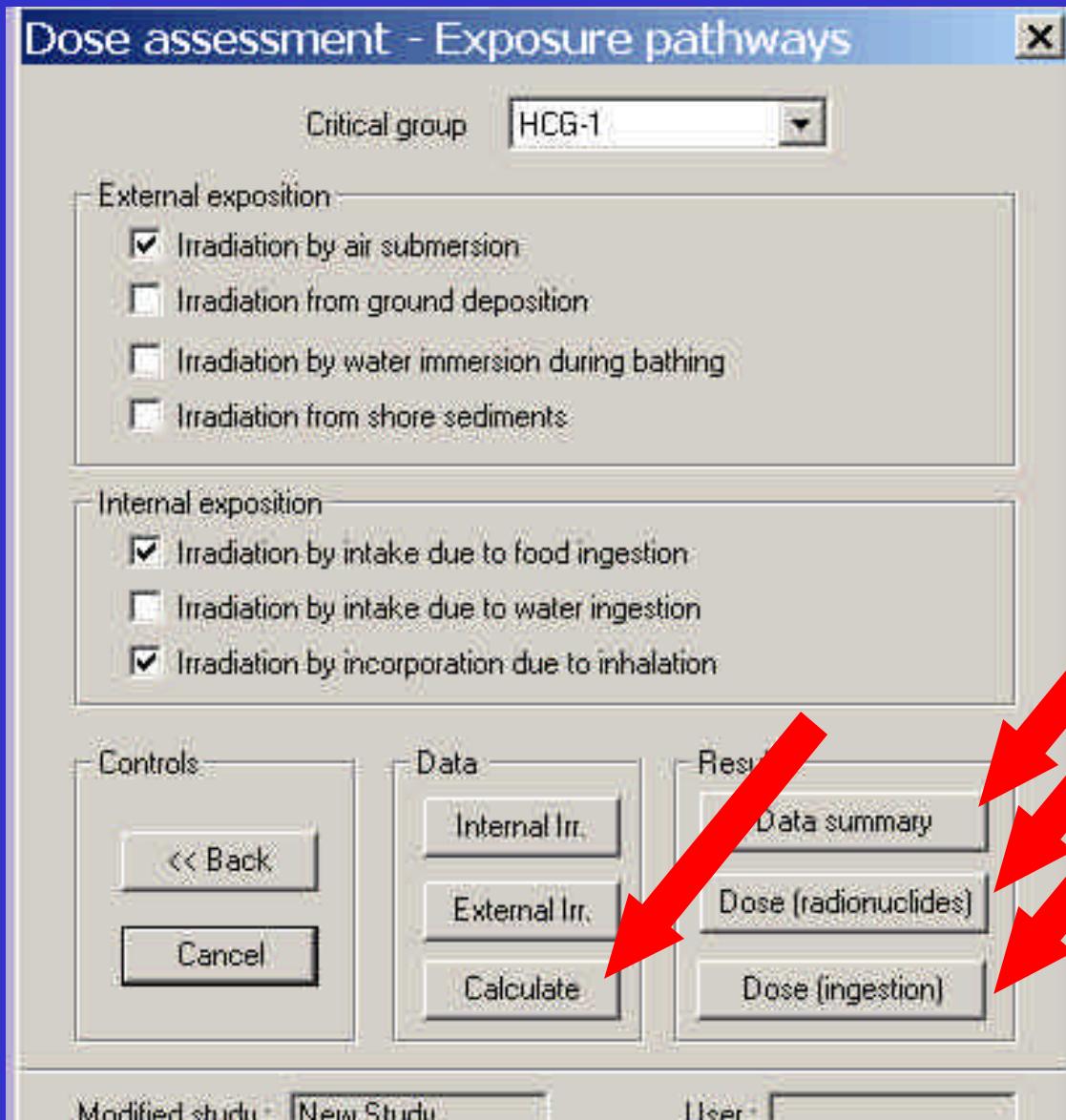
Occupancy	Internal	0-1	.5	2-7	.5	12-17	.5
Add values							
		1-2	.5	12	.5		
						More than	.5

Duration of the discharge: years Gamma Beta

Building shielding factor: 1 1

Skin weighting factor W_{skin}:

CROM - Use



CROM - Use

Dose assessment - Summary of Results X

Critical group: HCG-1 Age group: 0-1

External irradiation (effective annual dose, Sv)

Dose by air submersion: $E_{ext,air} = 1.794E-05$

Dose by irradiation from ground deposition: $E_{ext,ground} =$

Dose by water immersion during bathing: $E_{ext,bathing} =$

Dose by irradiation from shale sediments: $E_{ext,shale} =$

Internal irradiation (dose by annual intake, Sv)

Dose by intake due to food ingestion: $E_{int,food} = IND$

Dose by intake due to water ingestion: $E_{int,water} =$

Dose by intake due to inhalation: $E_{int,inh} = 3.736E-01$

[Back](#)

CROM - Use

Dose assessment: Results per radionuclide

Radionuclide: Ac-228 Critical Group: HCG-1 Age group: 0-1

Gamma External irradiation (effective annual dose, Sv)

Dose by air submersion: Eext,air,gamma = 1.508E-06

Dose by irradiation from ground deposition: Eext,ground,gamma =

Dose by water immersion during bathing: Eext,bathing,gamma =

Dose by irradiation from shore sediments: Eext,shore,gamma =

Beta external irradiation (effective annual dose, Sv)

Dose by air submersion: Eext,air,beta = 2.487E-08

Dose by irradiation from ground deposition: Eext,ground,beta =

Dose by water immersion during bathing: Eext,bathing,beta =

Dose by irradiation from shore sediments: Eext,shore,beta =

Internal irradiation (dose by annual intake, Sv)

Dose by intake due to food ingestion: Eint,food = 2.18E-10

Dose by intake due to Water ingestion: Eint,water =

Dose by intake due to inhalation: Eint,inh = 1.879E-04

[<< Back](#)

CROM - Use

Dose assessment - Ingestion results X

Radionuclide: Ac-228 Critical group: HCG-1

Age group (years)

Products	0 - 1	1 - 2	2 - 7	7 - 12	12 - 17	More than 17
Green vegetables	5.218E-10					

[<< Back](#)

CROM - Use

Dose assessment - Exposure pathways X

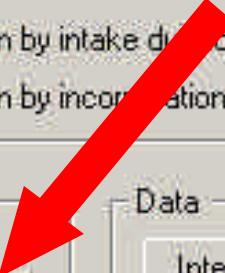
Critical group HCG-1

External exposition:

Irradiation by air submersion
 Irradiation from ground deposition
 Irradiation by water immersion during bathing
 Irradiation from shore sediments

Internal exposition:

Irradiation by intake due to food ingestion
 Irradiation by intake due to water ingestion
 Irradiation by incorporation due to inhalation



Controls	Data	Results
<< Back	Internal Irr.	Data summary
Cancel	External Irr.	Dose (radionuclides)
	Calculate	Dose (ingestion)

Modified study: New Study User: [redacted]

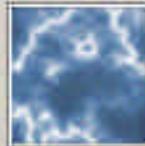
CROM - Use

CROM/Calculation options



Gaseous discharge

Case name:



ATMOSPHERE

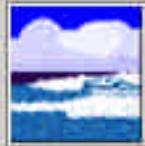
Site name:

Installation type

Liquid discharge



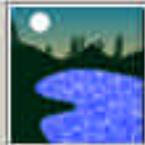
RIVERS



COASTAL WATERS



ESTUARIES

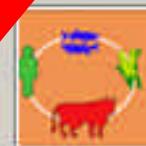


LITTLE LAKES AND RESERVOIRS

GRAPHICS

Food chains and dose assessment

REPORTS



FOOD CHAINS AND CRITICAL GROUPS



DOSE

CLOSE CASE



CROM - Use

CROM/Calculation options

Case name:

Site name:

Installation type

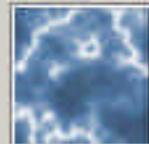
Site location:

GRAPHICS

REPORTS

CLOSE CASE

Gaseous discharge



ATMOSPHERE

Liquid discharge



RIVERS



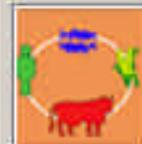
COASTAL WATERS



ESTUARIES



LITTLE LAKES AND RESERVOIRS



FOOD CHAINS AND CRITICAL GROUPS



DOSE

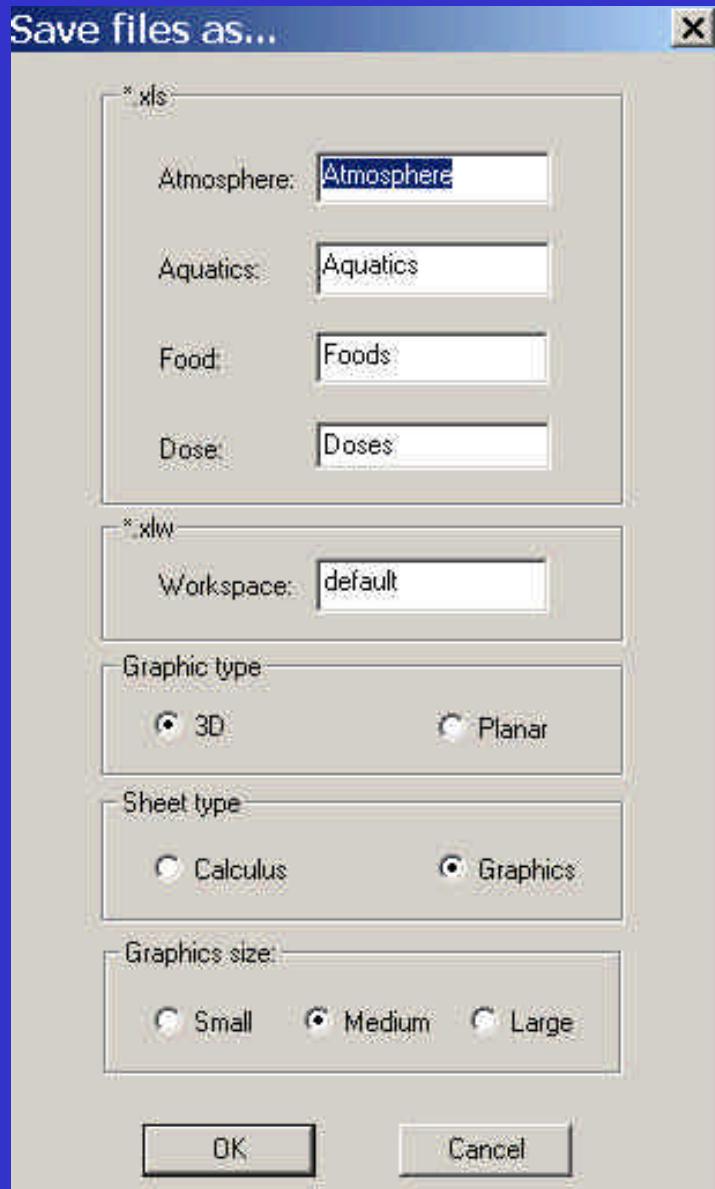


CROM - Use

Graphics options

ATMOSPHERE		AQUATIC		Study types: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Rivers <input type="radio"/> Estuaries <input type="radio"/> Coastal waters <input type="radio"/> Little Lakes and Reservoirs
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ATMOSPHERE DISPERSION		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AQUATIC DISPERSION		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Air concentration		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water concentration		
<input type="radio"/> By receptor point		<input type="radio"/> By receptor point		
<input type="radio"/> By radionuclide		<input type="radio"/> By radionuclide		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Soil concentration		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suspended sediments load		
<input type="radio"/> By receptor point		<input type="radio"/> By receptor point		
<input type="radio"/> By radionuclide		<input type="radio"/> By radionuclide		
FOOD		DOSE		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOOD CHAINS		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DOSE		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Human consumption vegetables concentration		Age group: <input type="text" value="0 - 1"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Animal consumption vegetables concentration		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Total Dose per all pathways and radionuclides		
<input type="checkbox"/> Animal product concentration		<input type="checkbox"/> Total Dose per radionuclide and all pathways		
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic organism concentration		<input type="checkbox"/> Total Dose per external irradiation		
		<input type="checkbox"/> Total Dose per internal irradiation		
		<input type="checkbox"/> External irradiation Dose per radionuclide and all pathways		
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ingestion Dose per radionuclide and all foodstuff		
<input type="button" value="OK"/>		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

CROM - Use



CROM - Use

CROM - Use

Report options



Show Results

Show input data and optional parameters

ATMOSPHERE

ATMOSPHERE DISPERSION

Air concentration

Ground deposition

FOOD

FOOD CHAIN

Human consumption vegetables concentration

Animal consumption vegetables concentration

Animal product concentration

Aquatic organism concentration

AQUATIC

AQUATIC DISPERSION

Water concentration

Suspended sediments load

Bottom sediments concentration

River bank sediments concentration

Study types

Rivers

Estuaries

Little Lakes and Reservoirs

Coastal waters

DOSE

DOSE

Total Dose per all pathways and radionuclides

Total Dose per radionuclide and all pathways

Total Dose per external irradiation

Total Dose per internal irradiation

Total Dose by external irradiation, per radionuclide

Total Dose by ingestion per food type and radionuclide

OK

Cancel

CROM - Use



Código de clínicas para evaluación de riesgos

Casename: La Haya

Skiname: Cap de la Haga

Installation type: Inst. Espacio

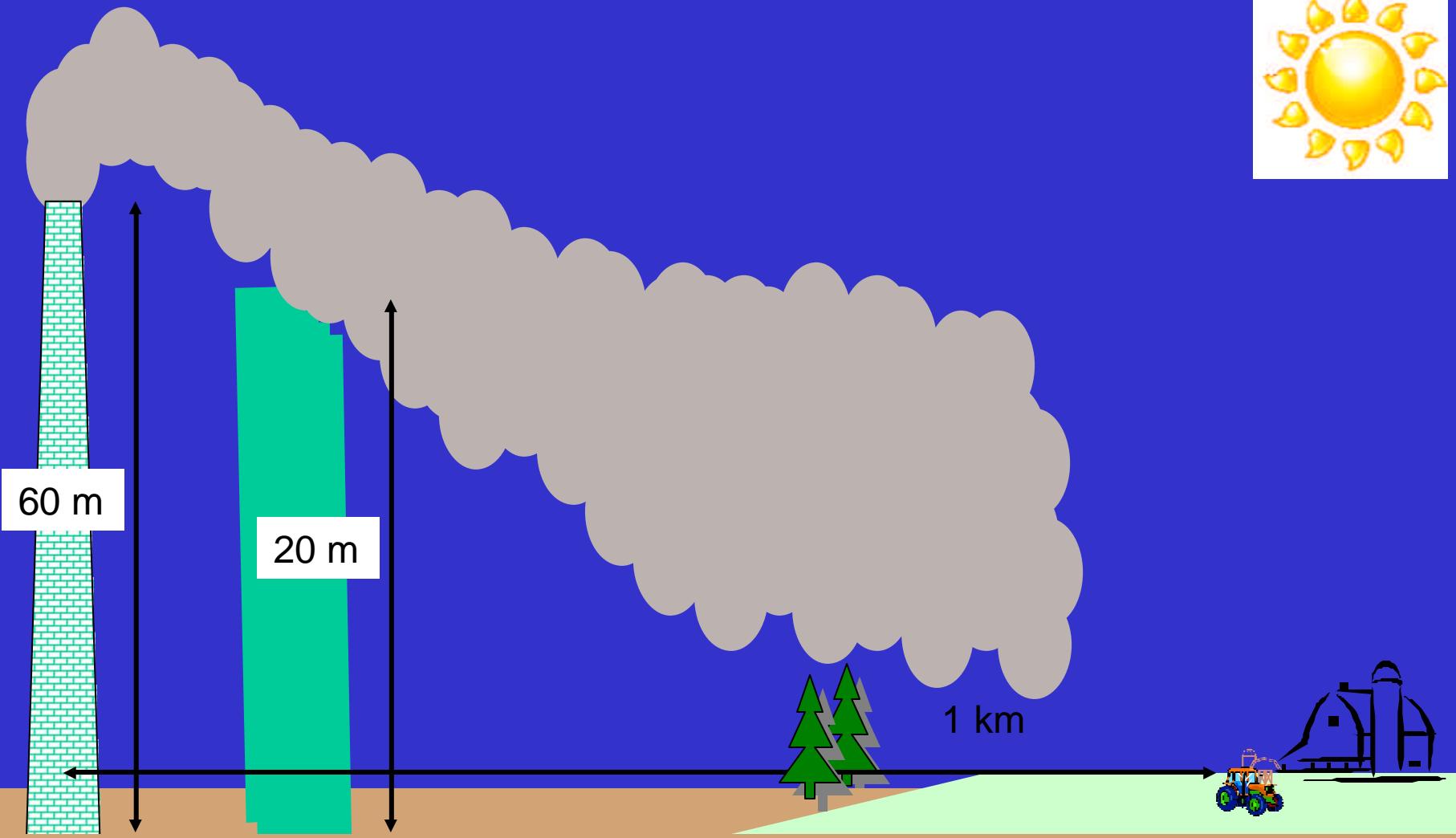
Report date: 04-12-2010

ATMOSPHERIC DEPOSITION Results

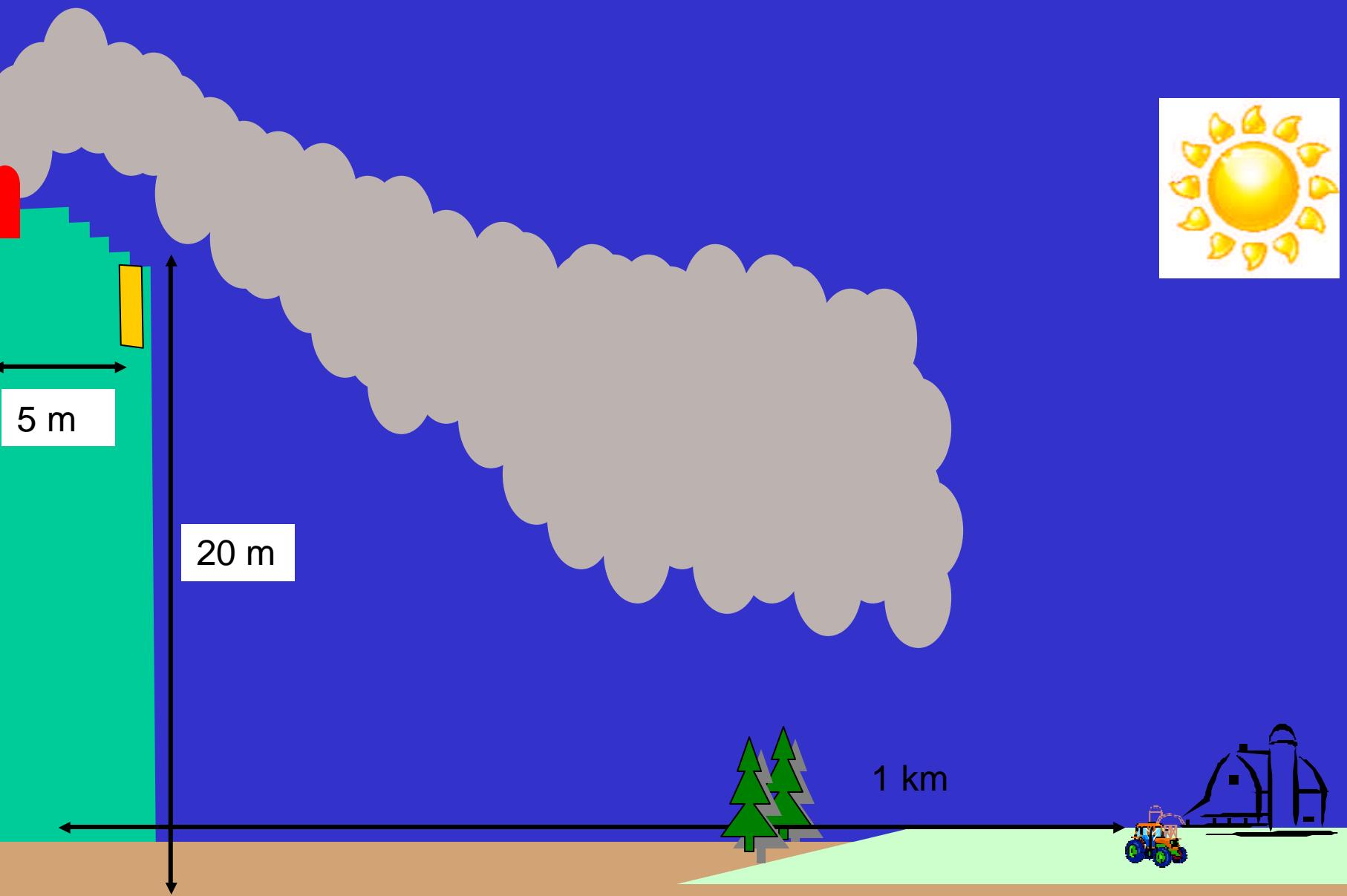
SOURCE TEFI

Periodos	3	6	12	24
0-10	3.14E+01	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
11-20	3.29E+07	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
21-30	3.14E+11	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
31-40	2.44E+02	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
41-50	1.72E+03	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
51-60	1.44E+07	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
61-70	4.91E+03	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
71-80	9.55E+11	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
81-90	2.38E+04	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
91-100	3.09E+04	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
101-110	1.33E+07	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
111-120	1.14E+04	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
121-130	5.33E+02	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
131-140	1.54E+03	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
141-150	1.02E+14	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
151-160	3.37E+11	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
161-170	1.52E+09	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
171-180	3.82E+09	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
181-190	7.92E+09	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
191-200	1.031E+13	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+00

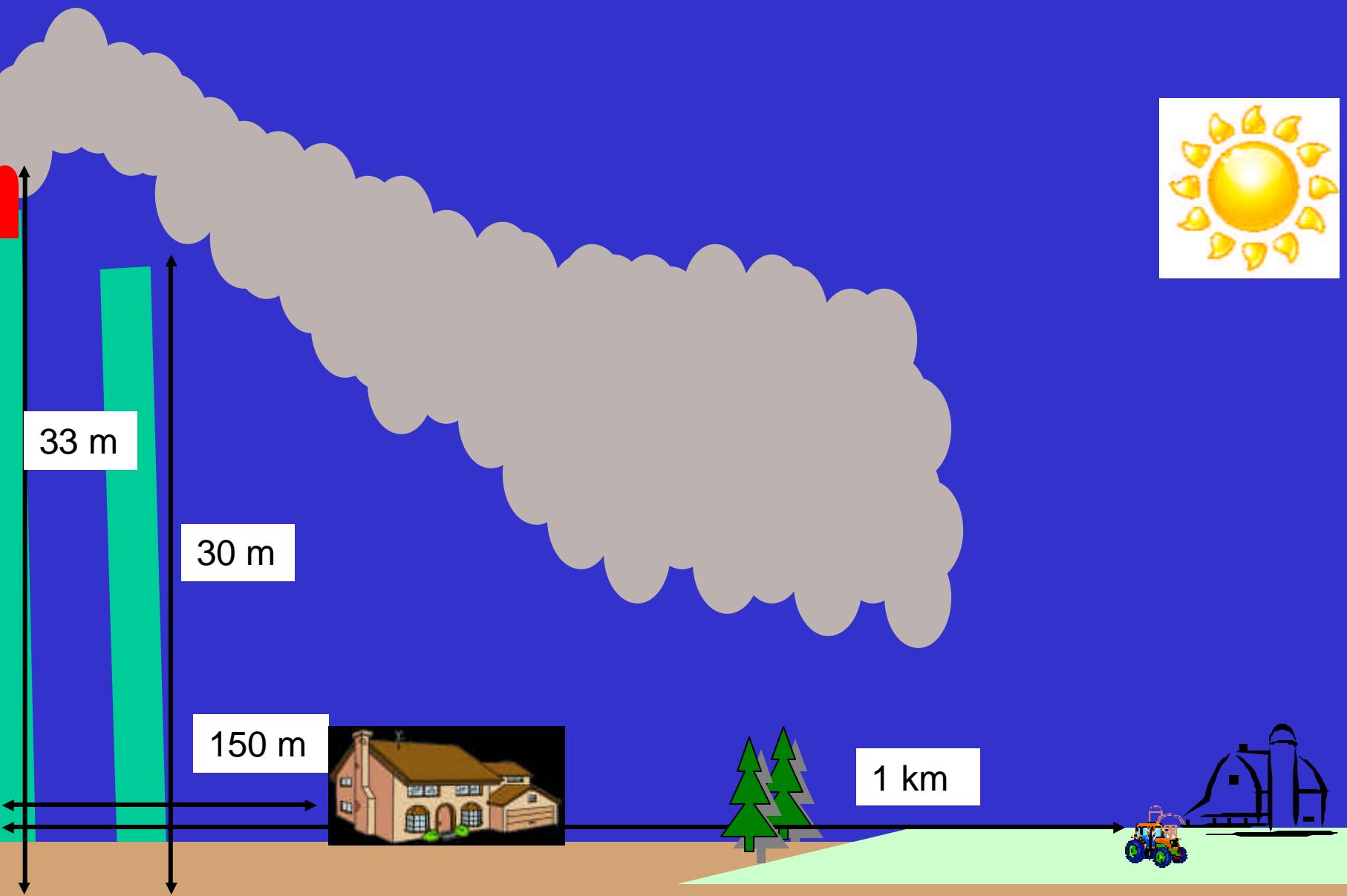
CROM - Examples



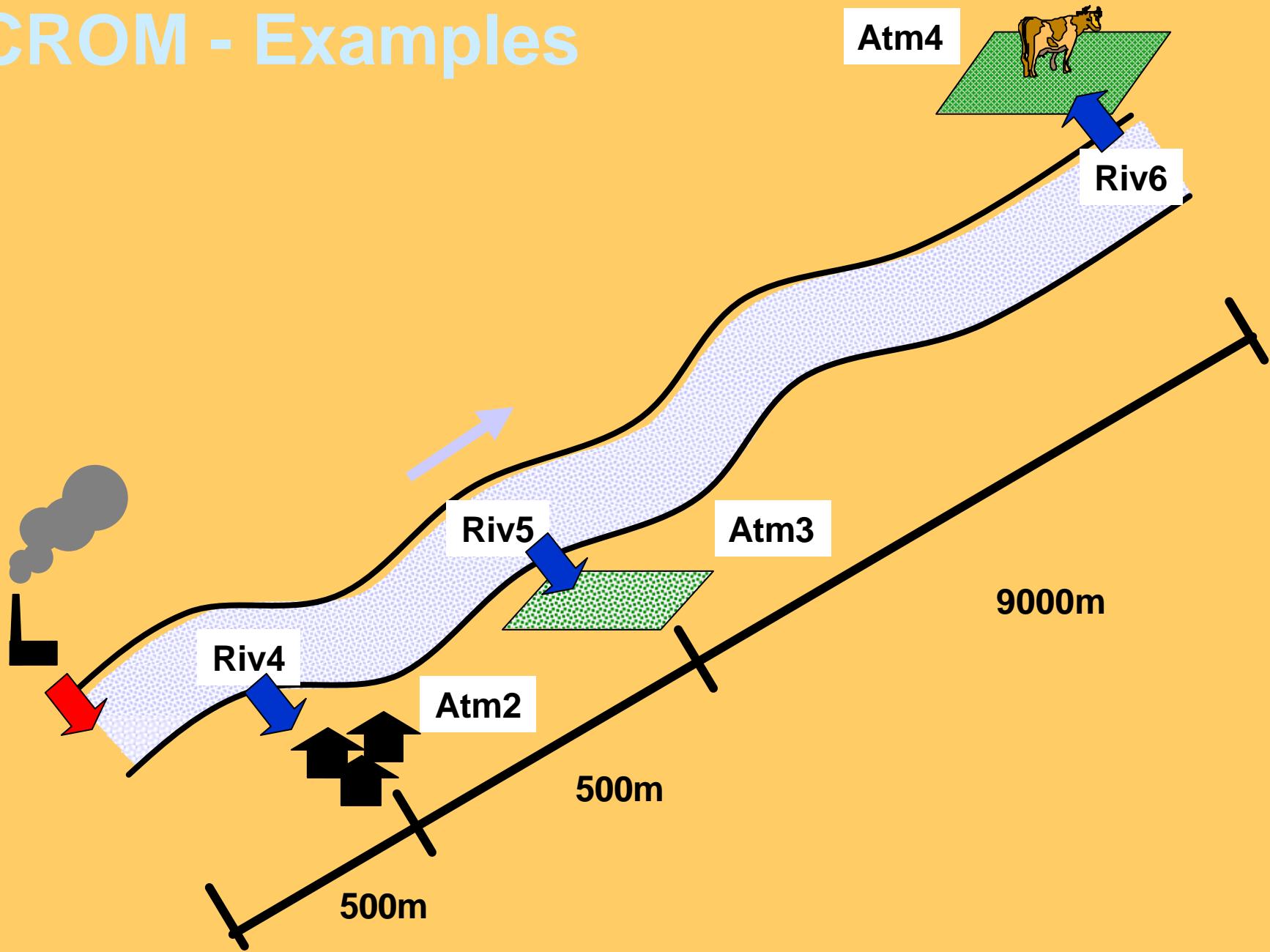
CROM - Examples



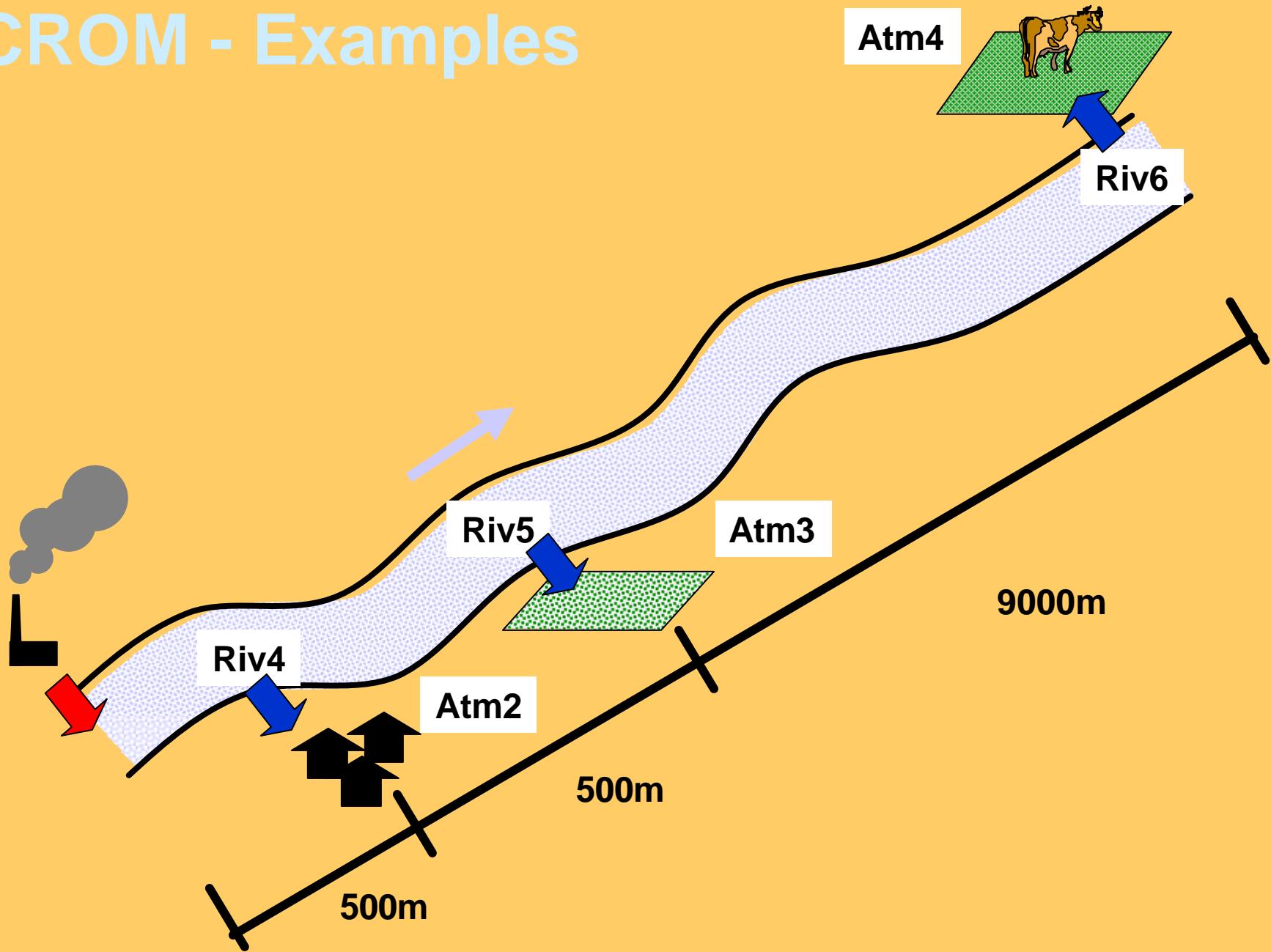
CROM - Examples



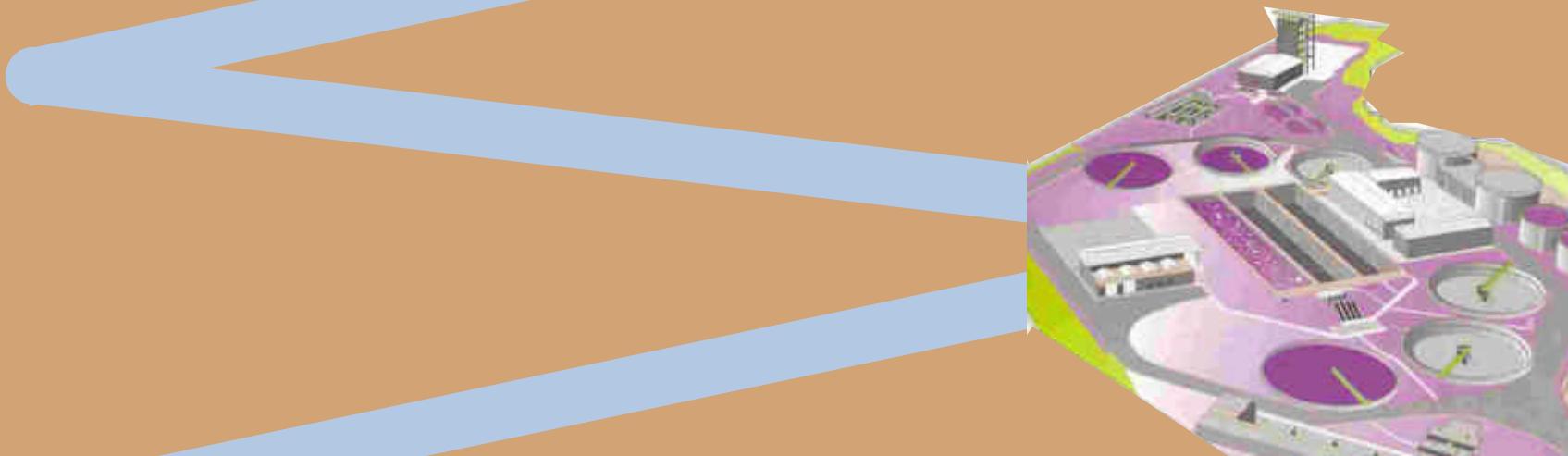
CROM - Examples



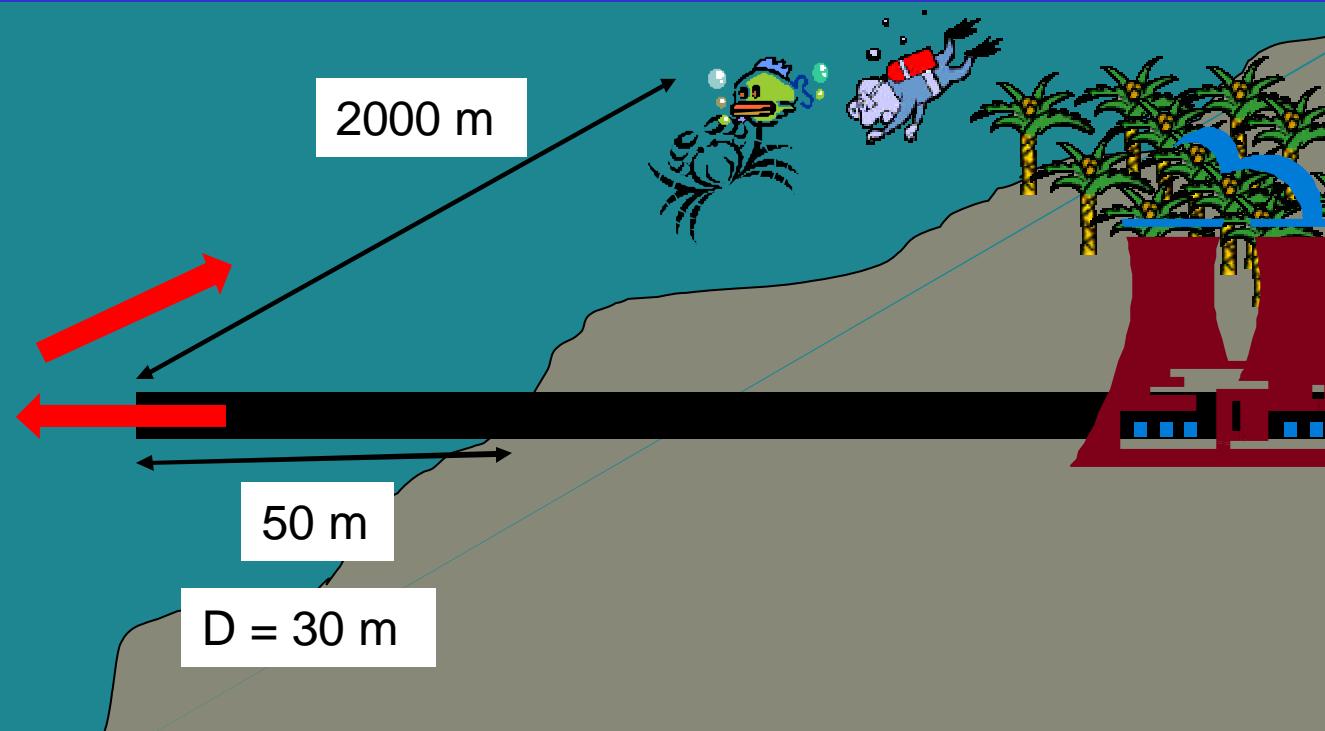
CROM - Examples



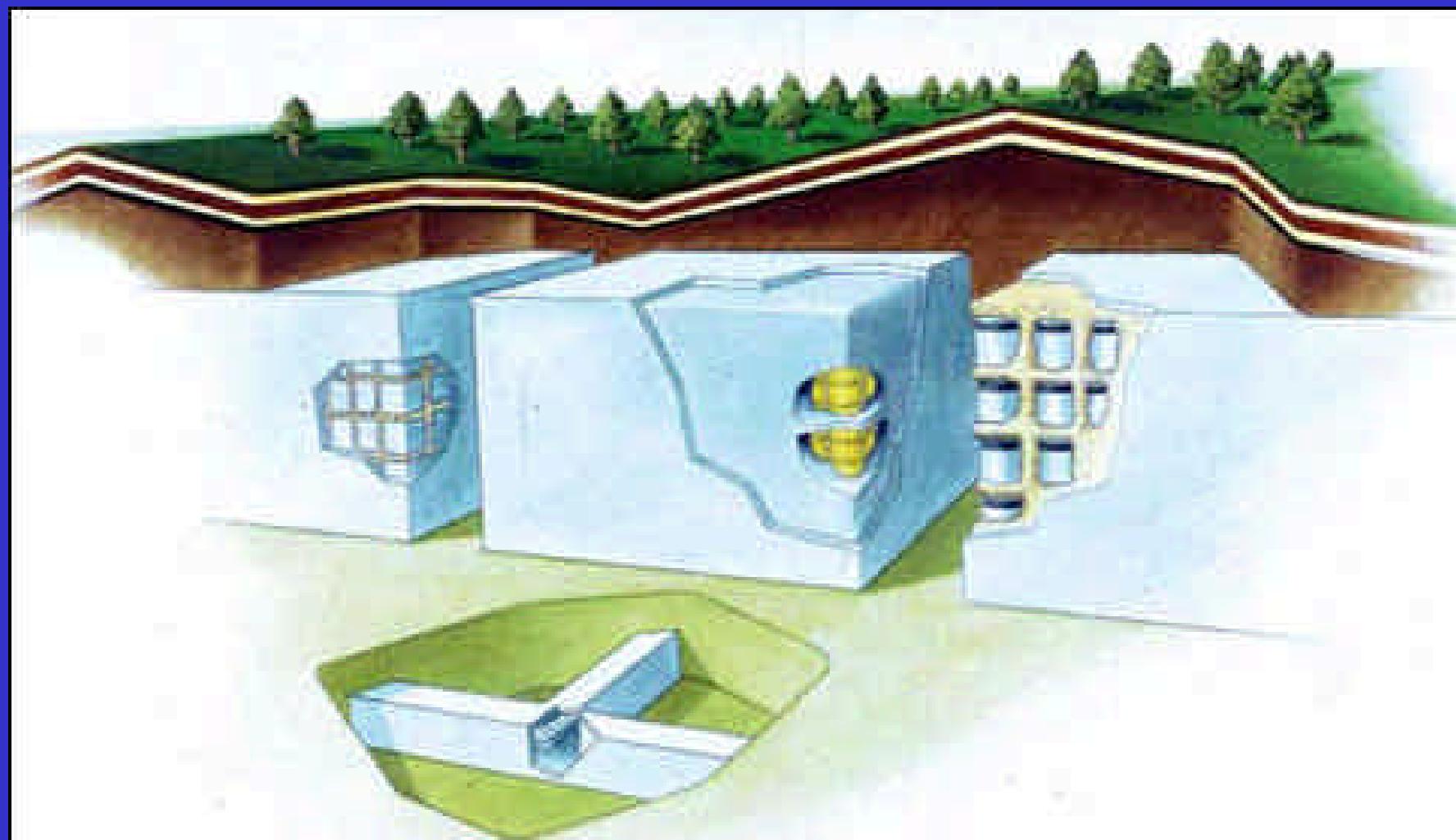
CROM - Examples



CROM - Examples



CROM - Examples



CROM - Examples



CROM - Examples



CROM - Examples



CROM - Examples



FIG. 29. Remediation of contaminated land after drying the lagoon (courtesy: Atomic Energy Commission of Syria)

CROM - Applications

- Control of releases
- Optimization of new installations
- Derivation of authorized discharge limits

...



GOBIERNO
DE ESPAÑA

MINISTERIO
DE CIENCIA
E INNOVACIÓN

Ciemat
Centro de Investigaciones
Energéticas, Medioambientales
y Tecnológicas

Thank you for your attention
Jc.mora@ciemat.es