

EMRAS II, Working Group 6 Biota “Dose Effects Modelling”

Tom Hinton; IRSN

BROAD OBJECTIVES

- Dose – Effect Modelling to assist Risk Assessments
 - **Derivation of Screening Level Values /
Protection Thresholds**
- Reach Consensus; Document Methods; Publish Guidance

WG-6: Effects group

FREDERICA Database Update Quality Control Analysis

Almudena REAL; Spain



EMRAS-II. Effects group (WG-6).
Vienna, 26-27 January 2010

FREDERICA Update: Quality Control Analysis

STATISTICS	Marks available	
Number of replicates of the experiment	Select one statement only and enter that statements score	
No replicates	0	
1-3 replicates	2	
4-6 replicates	3	
7-9 replicates	4	
10 or more replicates	5	
Number of individuals	Select one statement only and enter that statements score	
1-3 individuals	2	
4-6 individuals	3	
7-9 individuals	4	
10 or more individuals	5	
Number of points per curve	Select one statement only and enter that statements score	
No dose response undertaken (only one dose given)	0	
2 points	1	
3 points	2	
4 points	3	
5 points	4	
6 or more points	5	
Method used for statistical analysis	Select each appropriate statement and add the scores of these statements together	
No statistical methods used	0	
Name of statistical methods stated	1	
Calculation of statistics stated	2	
Reasons/justification of statistical methods used stated	2	
Confidence Limits	Select one statement only and enter that statements score	
No confidence limits given	0	
All significant differences reported to <0.10	2	
All significant differences reported to <0.05	3	
All significant differences reported to <0.01	5	
TOTAL FOR SECTION	MAXIMUM 25	MAXIMUM 40
GRAND TOTAL	MAXIMUM 80	

FREDERICA Radiation Effects Database

www.frederica-online.org

- References found: English (405), Russian (255), Japanese (7), French (2), Chinese (1)

- References included: 141 (FREDERICA= 1,509 Refs; Aprox 10% increase)

Wildlife groups: Mammals (36%); Amphibians (11%); Insects (8%); Protozoa (8%), Others (microorganisms, fish, crustacean, mollusc, aq. plants, soil fauna, fungi) (37%)

Type of exposure: Acute (75%); Chronic (25%)

Umbrella effects: Mortality (30%); Reproduction (28%); Morbidity (27%); Genetic (11%); Others (4%)

- Quality Control: Dose-Response Analysis

134 Refs analysed

41 QC<35

93 QC>35

85 Refs analysed

19 No Dose-Response (single dose)

66 Potentially useful for Dose-Response

EMRAS-II (WG6): FREDERICA Update

TASK	Participants	Deadline
Literature survey	Stanislav GERAS´KIN Nele HOREMNAS Almudena REAL Tatiana SAZYKINA Karolina STARK Synnove SUNDELL-BERGMAN Hildegarde VANDENHOVE Satoshi YOSHIDA	March 2009
Add new data to FREDERICA database	Laura NEWSOME Nele HOREMNAS Almudena REAL Karolina STARK Synnove SUNDELL-BERGMAN Hildegarde VANDENHOVE Christine WILLDROT Satoshi YOSHIDA	June 2009
QA/QC and score entry	David COPPLESTONE Almudena REAL Synnove SUNDELL-BERGMAN Christine WILLDROT	Sept 2009 Jan 2010

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ISTC Project 3003

funded by: NAAL of IAEA
Dr. Stanislav Gera'skin; RIARAE in Obnisk

35 Soviet-translated references

_to FREDERICA

an additional 1800 entries

POPULATION MODELS (T. Sazykina; Russia)

Models Presented

Authors	Type of the model	Generic or specific	Environmental stresses considered	Validation or parametrization of parameters
Jordi Vives I Batlle et al.(in press)	Logistic growth model, age classes	Specific for European lobster	Radiation, fishing	Parametrization
Doi, M., and Isao Kawaguchi (Radioprotection, 2005)	Aquatic microcosm model, 3 species	Specific for experimental microcosm	Radiation, ecological interactions	Validation on experimental data
A. Kryshev , et al. (REBS, 2008)	Dynamic population model, repair	Generic fish	Radiation, parasites	Parametrization comparison with data

Models Presented

Alonzo, F. et al. (JER, 2008)	Model of age-structured population	applied to earthworm and Daphnia	Radiation	Parametrization
Luigi Monte (JER, 2009)	Model based on Lotka-Volterra equations (resources and consumers)	Generic terrestrial	Radiation, migration	Parametrization
Sazykina T. et al. (Ecol.Model., 2000)	Ecosystem model with limited resources	Generic aquatic	Can be applied to radiation	

Develop a generic modelling approach, and identify **key parameters** responsible for the sensitivity of populations to radiation damage.

Comparison of population sensitivity to changes in different endpoints and different species



Daphnia magna

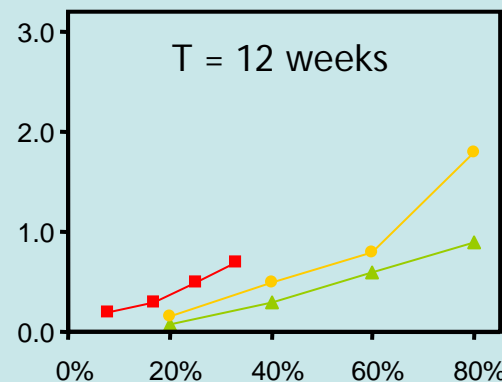
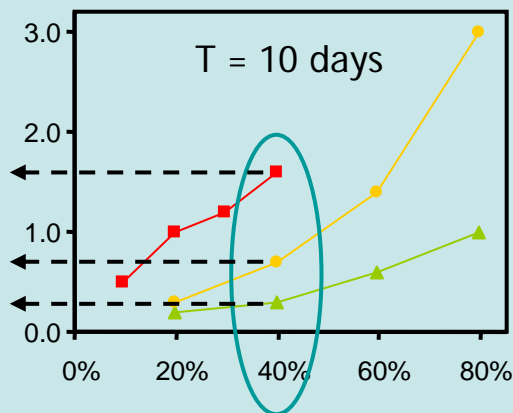
toxicité chronique de U et Am-241 dissous et radiations gamma externes (Cs-137)



Eisenia fetida

toxicité chronique de radiations gamma externes (Co-60)

Delay in population growth (relative to generation time T)



Alonzo et al., 2008

- Reduction in survival
- Reduction in fecundity
- Delay in reproduction

Individual level effect

- ⇒ Sensitivity of population depends on individual endpoints
- ⇒ Sensitivity of population depends on life history strategy of different species

IAEA EMRAS II
Biota Effects Group

**Advances of the Multiple
Stressor group**

Hildegarde Vandenhove, Nathalie Vanhoudt, Almudena Real,
Clare Bradshaw, Nele Horemans

Multiple Stressor database

Study type
Ecosystem
Multispecies studies
Species studied
Species 1 Common name
Species 1 Latin name
Species 2 Common name
Species 2 Latin name
Species 3 Common name
Species 3 Latin name
Species 4 Common name
Species 4 Latin name
List of stressors
Stressor 1
Exposure levels stressor 1 single
Stressor 2
Exposure levels stressor 2 single
Stressor 3
Exposure levels stressor 3 single
Stressor 4
Exposure levels stressor 4 single
Stressor 5
Exposure levels stressor 5 single
Exposure levels combination
Short description of the experimental set up and conditions

Effects endpoints and results	
Umbrella effect	
Reproduction	Which effect ?
Morbidity	Which effect ?
Mortality	Which effect ?
Genetic	Which effect ?
Physiological	Which effect ?
Population relevant endpoints for multispecies studies (e.g. Numbers of species)	Which effect ?
Other	Which effect ?
Other 2	Which effect ?
Short description of Results	
Please express results as far as possible in terms of : no deviation from addition, potentiation, synergy, antagonism	
Major conclusions from the study	
QA/QC	
Are we confident about the data?	
Can we use the data for dose response curve development?	Are we confident about the statistics and associated experimental design used to identify the interaction?
Reference	
ID of person who put in data	

Multiples Stressors

(H. Vandenhove; Belgium with IUR)

57 entries from open literature

Only one case generated a dose response curve for the single stressors..... prior to an examination of multiple stressor responses
(prerequisite to say anything about synergism / antagonism)

MS-effect modelling course

Preliminary programme

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3
Morning session	<p>Opening and registration</p> <p><u>Thomas Backhaus</u> (Göteborg University, Sweden)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Experimental design - Introduction to reference models (concentration addition and independent action) and to their strengths and sensitivities 	<p><u>Claus Svendsen</u> (CEH, UK)</p> <p>Testing for deviations from reference models using surface design or isoboles</p>	<p><u>Stefan Van Dongen</u> (University of Antwerp, Belgium)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Best-fit method for concentration-response curves - Statistical testing of deviations from reference models (including calculation of confidence belts)
Afternoon session	<p><u>Thomas Backhaus</u> continued</p> <p><u>Calculus session</u> (<u>Nathalie Vanhoudt</u>, <u>Nele Horemans</u>, SCK•CEN, Belgium): prediction of mixture effect from single concentration-response curve</p>	<p><u>Nina Cedergreen</u> (University of Copenhagen, Denmark) <i>to be confirmed</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Use of mixture toxicity within REACH and Water framework directive - Can the choice of endpoint lead to contradictory results 	<p><u>Stefan Van Dongen</u> continued</p> <p><u>Calculus session</u> continued</p> <p>Closing remarks</p>

Progress

Canadian Benthic Data (S. Mihok; Canada)

(Uranium mining; derive dose to benthos; multivariate stats)

- large and diverse data set of sediment cores taken from U mining areas
- discussion on statistical analyses
- developed plans to interact with WG4



Effects of Chronic Exposure to Alpha-Emitting Radionuclides on Health and Reproductive Fitness of Biota

Carmel Mothersill; McMaster University, Canada



Preliminary acute injection experiment: Fathead minnow ^{226}Ra injections

1. $21 \mu\text{Bq fish}^{-1}$ (dose based on fathead minnow field data; Clulow et al 1998)
2. $210 \mu\text{Bq fish}^{-1}$ (10x field data dose)
3. $2100 \mu\text{Bq fish}^{-1}$ (100x field data dose)
4. Nitric acid (^{226}Ra solvent) control injections
5. Water injections – handling & injection stress control
6. Non-injected fish



All injections administered i.p. via
an insulin syringe (29G needle)

Injection volume = $3 \mu\text{l fish}^{-1}$

Experimental outline 2

