# Status of the work November 2006

Theme 1 - Radioactive Release Assessment

Working Group 4 - Model validation for radionuclide transport in the aquatic system "Watershed-River" and in estuaries

## Completed exercises

- ★<sup>3</sup>H in Loire River
- ▶ <sup>90</sup>Sr and <sup>137</sup>Cs in Dnieper-Bug estuary
- → <sup>90</sup>Sr and <sup>137</sup>Cs remobilisation in the Prypiat floodplain
- <sup>239,240</sup> you in Techa River x 137 Cs and 239,240 Pu in Techa River
- ★Self-cleaning capacity of Huelva Estuary (<sup>226</sup>Ra contamination)

## Work performed this week

- ★ Presentation and discussion of the results of the
  - Huelva scenario
  - Techa river
- ★ Improvement of TRS chapter
- ⋆ Planning duties for:
  - Final report preparation (final draft ready in Spring 2007)
  - Strategies for dissemination of results (including participation to IAEA conference)

## Main activities performed during the project

- Assessment of predictive models for the behaviour of radionuclides in the fresh water environment through
  - validation
  - blind tests
  - model intercomparison
- according to the priorities:
  - extreme events
  - important radionuclides other than Cs and Sr
  - radionuclide remobilisation
  - radionuclides in coastal areas

## Lesson learnt

Appropriate use of models accounting for

model uncertainty

value of multi-model approach

data and information availability

#### Non addressed issues

- Modelling radionuclide migration to biota
- Application of entire Decision Support Systems to complex scenario (e.g., evaluation of countermeasure effectiveness-including dose evaluations)

### Preliminary ideas

- CDSS intercomparison
- Biota in Techa River
- Biota in Dniper-Bug estuary
- Radionuclides in Loire River (Co Ag)